THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD, MARCH, 1866. "Liberty and Union, One and Inseparable."—WEBSTER. TERMS: $2.00—$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

VOL. 33. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1898. NO. 1.

H. C. OLMSTED,

AT THE

Leading Dry Goods Store

Is still doing business and expects to be whether they strike gas or oil. My stock is complete in every line. - - - - - -

Dress Goods.

I have the largest and best assortment ever kept by me, which I am selling at VERY CLOSE PRICES. - - - - - -
Come and see the beautiful styles in Ladies Capes and Jackets, cheaper than you can buy the same in the large cities. Also Misses and Children's Jackets. - -

My Shoe Department

is well stocked with Ladies, Gentlemen's and Childrens wear. Cheaper in price not quality) than any exclusive Shoe House can afford to sell for. - - -

UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY.

NOTIONS OF ALL SORTS.

It is not necessary to enumerate the many bargains I have for you. Come and see for yourselves. We will take pleasure in showing you them, whether you wish to buy or not.

Respectfully?

H. C. OLMSTED.

JORDAN BROS.

—Dealers in—

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Dry Goods, Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats, Fruit in season, Tobacco, Cigars, Confectionery and School Supplies.

A complete line of Fall and Winter Goods.

We would be pleased to have you call and inspect our stock whether you purchase or not.

Goods delivered anywhere in town, free of charge.

JORDAN BROS.,

No. 43, W. Fifth St., Emporium.

FASHIONABLE

Merchant Tailors,

Opposite M. E. Church,

EMPORIUM, PA.

Our new Fall and Winter Goods have arrived and we are now turning out the very latest in

STYLISH

Well Made Clothing.

Call and see our new line of piece goods, embracing all the most popular fabrics. both imported and American. Our prices are right and we gurantee a fit. A large force of first-class workmen are now in our employ.

Give us a call and see if we cannot save you money and at the same time give you your money's worth.

R. SEGER & CO.

Special Offer.

Pure maple sap syrup 85c per gallon can. Was $1.00, worth that at wholesale, but no matter, its yours at that price, with money back if not satisfactory. New goods will soon be here that's the reason for selling. DAY'S.

Forty Hour Devotion.

Forty hour devotion was observed in St. Mark's church, at this place, Sunday and Monday. Father McAdam was assisted by Fathers Raycroft, Centreville; Cavanaugh, Johnsonburg; McCurrie, Coudersport.

New Spring Hats.

Special two week's sale at John J. Soble's Clothing Store. Goods selling regardless of cost. Men's and Boys' clothing, hats, caps, furnishings, etc. We have a few pairs of shoes left that we will sell at your own price.

Gone to Alaska.

Last Tuesday morning the second Emporium party departed for Alaska. The party composed of H. W. Jewell, D. E. Powell, David Munoe, Frank Packquette, John Fredette, Chas. Keiper, of Emporium, and Elijah Johnson, Austin. A large number of people assembled at the P. & E. depot to bid them farewell.

For Congress.

Hon. H. H. North, of Bradford, was in Emporium last Monday, shaking hands with our people. He is a candidate for Congress in case our present worthy Congressman should be nominated for Governor, and the indications are daily growing brighter. Mr. North would make a very acceptable candidate. He is eminentily qualified for the place and would make a popular Congressman.

Three From Potter.

Cameron county voted down the poor house proposition by a big majority. And she made a mistake.

Bessie Kissell, of Sterling Run, who has been spending a few days with friends here, returned home Tuesday.

M. M. Larrabee was re-elected Justice of the Peace of Emporium with no opposition—a just tribute to a worthy man.

Lecture.

Mrs. Hoffman who is to speak in Emporium on the evening of March 19th, in the M. E. church is highly recommended by both the press and individuals. Like most first-class speakers she has her regular price but an unusual exception has been made in favor of Emporium, and her lecture here will be free, but a collection will be taken. The following is from the Clarksville, (Mo.) *Sentinel*:

Mrs. Hoffman is a woman whose witticisms will make you laugh; whose close analytical argument will make you think, and whose sincerity and honesty, whatever your opinion of her cause, will command your respect and esteem. Her effort here was a masterpiece.

To the Public.

Realizing that there are a great many people who would like to have photographs of themselves or their families, but owing to the extreme hard times, really have not the money to pay for my best work, and the cheap work they don't want. Appreciating this fact, that my customers know good work when they see it, and will have only the best when they do get it, I have concluded to reduce my prices to suit the times and within the reach of all. Beginning March 1st, I will make my best Cabinet Photographs at $3.00 per dozen. Thanking you for past favors and hoping to receive a liberal patronage in the future.

I am very truly,
J. B. SCHRIEVER.

School Entertainment.

The teachers and pupils of the High School building gave a very enjoyable entertainment to the patrons and friends of the public schools and the only regret expressed was that the building was not large enough to accommodate all who wanted to come. As it was more than five hundred people were present and the entire program was carried out without a "break." The music both vocal and instrumental, was a pleasing part of the program and the systematic course of study in music adopted by the Board three years ago was certainly a step in the right direction if we may judge from the manner pupils acquitted themselves in the musical selections. We have not time to elaborate much in detail, suffice it to say that the orderly conduct of the pupils both old and yonng during the exercises was a subject of very favorable comment on the part of many patrons.

Obituary.

MISS HATTIE ERHARD, aged twelve years, died at the residence of her parents at Erie, Pa., on Sunday. The remains were brought to Emporiun on Monday, the funeral taking place on Tuesday, at 2 p. m., from the home of Mrs. Erhard's sister, Mrs. W. S. Walker—Rev. Robert McCaslin officiating. The former friends of the grief-stricken family (who formerly resided in Emporium) were pained beyond expression to hear of the sad death of one so young and beloved as was the deceased child—the idol of all who knew her. Only a few weeks ago the writer noticed the happy child in our midst and admired the cherry disposition, little thinking that we should so soon be called upon to chronicle her death.

This greatly bereaved family have indeed been terribly afflicted during the past year. Mrs. Erhard (formerly Miss Laura Hackenberg) who has been called upon to follow to the silent city of the dead,a sainted mother, a dear sister and now her only daughter has been called home. Words cannot express our sympathy for Mr. and Mrs. Erhard.

Kaye-Briggs Affair Settled.

The case of H. C. Kaye vs C. E. Briggs, General Manager of The Klondyke Prospecting & Mining Co., of Coudersport, which has been the subject of much discussion and comment during the past week, was settled in a very amicable manner on Monday last. The Company refunded the money which Mr. Kaye had deposited with them in payment for stock, and paid all costs.

Two More Mails.

The new mail service for which Postmaster Seger has been zealously laboring, went into effect last Monday morning. Train No. 9, at 5:10 a. m., carries a local pouch from all points west of Williamsport, and train No. 6, at 3:25 p. m., carries a local mail. Our people are greatly benefitted by the change, as well as all towns on the line.

Volume Thirty-Three.

With this issue the PRESS starts upon its thirty-third year. During all these years the PRESS has adhered steadfastly to the principles of right and justice. We have always endeavored to give our readers a *news* paper and how well we succeeded will leave to our readers. The PRESS has never faltered in its duty to the county or its fealty to its party or its candidates. We hope and expect to make many improvements in the near future and shall spare neither labor nor zeal to maintain the high standard of journalism so proudly adhered to by its founder and late lamented editor, C. B. GOULD.

To our business men and patrons in general we thank for their continued patronage and extend to one and all our sincere thanks for their confidence and encouragement.

There are a few families in Cameron county into whose homes the PRESS has thus far failed to reach. We should like to have upon our subscription list, every home in this county. Send us $1.50 and thereby secure a safe, clean, home paper.

Court Proceeding.

Court convened Monday at 2 p. m. with Hon. C. A. Mayer presiding, assisted by Associates Wykoff and Bonham. There was a very large attendance from all parts of the county.

Grand Jury called and R. M. Overhiser was appointed chairman after which the following cases were disposed of:

Com. vs Frank Parker—rape. After taking testimony, verdict withheld until Tuesday morning when by the direction of the court, he was pronounced guilty of fornication, but not upon original indictment. Sentenced to pay a fine of $100 and costs.

D. B. Johnson vs Barclay Bros. Referred to Chas. Gleason, V. A. Brooks and C. M. Thomas, whose award is to be made a rule of Court.

Martha Keith vs Michael Keith—alias subpoena and divorse awarded.

Com. vs R. A. Lord—assault. True bill.

Com. vs Geo. English—seduction under promise of marriage and fornication and bastardy. True bill.

Com. vs C. W. Clark—bench warrant issued.

Josiah Howard was appointed guardian of Floyd Faucett, minor child of John Faucett, deceased.

Com. vs C. E. Briggs. Nol pros.

Estate of Geo. C. Thayer—report of C. J. Goodnough, auditor confirmed *ni. si.* by court.

Estate of Wm. Lynch, same as previous report.

Estate of Ishi Craven, same as previous report.

Com. vs Wm. Clark—Assault upon an officer. Deft. pleads guilty. Sentence to pay costs and undergo an imprisonment ot one month in jail.

Com. vs E. E. Letterman—bigamy. True bill. Sentence two years in penitentiary.

Com. vs Geo Van Lew—Assault. Not guilty but costs divided.

Lydia E. Phoenix, executrix of Calfernia Phoenix, deceased vs Emporium & Rich Valley R. R. Co. Settled.

John O'Byrne and Ella O'Byrne vs Shippen Township. Non suit ordered by the Court.

Com. vs Gentry—assault and battery. Indictment quashed.

Harrison Smoke on charge surety of peace. Discharged.

The following persons came into open court with proper witnesses and were duly authorized as citizens of the United States.

Andrew Anderson, a native of Sweeden.
Domilineo Cavalaeri, a native of Italy.
Angelo Paolutte a native of Italy.

Court adjourned.

Pressed Bricks.

Large attendance at court this week.

Workmen are at work rebuilding the Steel Company's building.

Westphalia sugar cured hams and bacon 11c. lb. DAY'S.

"Huyler's" Chocolate Pepperment Pralines; "Tuxedo" Chocolate creams 20c. lb, DAY'S.

New spring goods are arriving daily and we will sell our winter goods below cost. JOHN J. SOBLE.

C. B. Howard & Company are preparing to resume operations at their mill at this place.

The only strictly fresh stock of wall paper in town will be found at Taggart's drug store.

Gent's furnishing goods in endless profusion at N. Seger's. Best goods, latest styles and lowest prices.

Woodsmen, the place to buy your clothing and furnishings is at N. Seger's. All that is desirable for your comfort and convenience may be found there.

Samuel Faucett was a caller at the PRESS office on Tuesday and informed us that he, and A. J. Turley and another party had decided to start a monument works at Ridgway.

We are closing out all winter goods below cost and you will be greatly benefitted by calling at our store and availing yourself of some of the rare bargains. N. SEGER.

There was not a single pattern of wall paper carried over at Old Reliable Drug Store therefore his mammoth stock is all fresh goods, just received, and prices much below last year.

Candidates have already commenced to set up their fences for county offices, and hand shaking has commenced. Be honest and do not promise to support a candidate unless you fully intend to keep sacred your pledge.

If you find it difficult to pass through Harry Lloyd's store it is all because he has just received a large number of 1898 wheels and if you don't have wheels in your head before he gets through with you it will not be his fault.

L. Taggart's new drug clerk is the right man in the right place. A competent clerk and reduced prices will be appreciated by our people. See prices of prescription work, etc., in Old Reliable Drug Store's new ad, on page 5, of this issue.

Wm. M. Singerly, editor of the Philadelphia Record, died suddenly at Philadelphia on Sunday, of heart failure. Mr. Singerly was one of the foremost editors of the State and held a high position in the councils of his party. The first position held by Mr. Singerly, was in 1864, at Cameron mines, in this county, where he filled the position of book-keeper. Many of our older citizens remember the incident.

Patriotism.

The tenderest pathos the soul contains, the silken cords of love, engendered by the thoughts of home and country.

What is a home? The enshrined throne of peace and love, where the weary spirit of man can at all times find a haven of rest. Never since man was driven from Eden has truer words been inscribed by a pen: "Be it ever so humble, there's no place like home." If the first law of nature is self-preservation, why is not patriotism the second.

True manhood will leave all, will even lay down life itself in behalf of home and country. Why is this done? Is it to gain honor and fame, or is it a wontoness in human nature; a desire at the first opportunity to shed human blood?

Nay, patriotism is only in reality an advanced stage of the first law of nature, self-preservation. It has long been a confirmed fact that man is a social animal. In the history of bygone ages we find, in all races of people, be they black, white, yellow or copper, they have always banded together; all have recognized, "in unity there is strength." Mutual safety, therefore, calls together high, low, rich and poor, and a leader is chosen. Sometimes the leader has been given absolute power; but that decade, we are thankful to say, is slowly passing away. The majority of governments to-day consists of a leader with two houses of executive representatives of the people. Kingdoms and Empires are thus formed. A constitution is framed, laws laid down, and a government established. The land wherein they thus form, the people call "our country." They individually have sworn to obey the constitution and laws of the country; to guard, uphold and defend the country, even to death itself. They thus have become each one link of the great chain that binds man to man, man to home, and home to country. The name of that chain is Patriotism. The sweetest memories of manhood's years or declining age, are the lithographic views engraved in the art gallery of the brain by the eye of budding youth. The sapling may be bent at pleasure, but the sturdy, mature oak can withstand the blast of a hurricane. A great deal depends on the surroundings of the youthful sapling as to the beauty, strength and value of the tree, or whether it shall become a tree. Should the ground be rocky, bleak and sterile, the tree shall be knotty, gnarled and almost worthless. Good soil and favorable circumstances will grant to the tree a far different birthright. He shall rise a monument of strength, a gem of nature, a perfect gift from the hand of its maker. Thus with man, though downtrodden from the cradle, the youthful mind is more susceptible to the joys than the sorrows of life. Great and wonderful indeed is the superstruction on which is based the life of the universe. Frolic and fun is the natural gift of youth from the Supreme Giver of all gifts. To prove this, look over the picture gallery of your own memory. You will be surprised to find how many sunshiny spots the camera of the eye has engraved there. No water was ever so sweet as the spring that came bubbling from beneath the rock under the elm tree, at old homestead. No apples were half so sweet as the rosy-cheeked fellows that grew on the little tree at the corner of the orchard, no sky so blue, no mountain so fair, no meadows so green; the birds, the bees, the butterfles we have chased; the flowers we have plucked, all comes rushing back to us in a flood of recollections, bearing us almost bodily back to the old home-nest A man may forsake all, and in a moment of fury curse all, and become a wanderer to either or all points of the compass. Anger may part him from his grey-haired father, may part him from the mother who bore him, but what can turn him against the sunny spots of his native hearth. Patriotism is the father of liberty. The stronger the patriot the greater the liberty. In this great nation, which ranks among the foremost of the world, we do not, we cannot realize our indebtedness to the patriot. He stopped his plow in the middle of the furrow, slung his musket over his shoulder and started at the call "to arms," to drive the oppressor from our shores. The patriot will not, cannot be a slave. The morality of a nation depends largely upon the patriotism of its citizens. "God made all nature free" Freedom of conscience is the glory crown of the patriot. Where ought we to look for a higher sphere of morality; where shall we look for a higher standard of patriotism, than in this great, glorious and most noble of Democracies on the face of the globe. As a people, we are a family, with half a continent for a home. Though of all nations, all colors, all creeds, we are still one people. We are governed by the same laws, have all the same freedom and independence. The constitution and laws of the Democracy place all men on a level. High, low, rich and poor, young and old, all form a unit of this great household.

What interest in common have we to hold this household together? Is it a love for our neighbor; do we strive for the advancement of those whom we have never seen, or having seen, may have only done us a personal injury? No, not even a brotherly love, would hold this nation, as a family. Love of home, love of country, patriotism alone can bear us through the various vicissitudes, turmoils and trials of human life. Sow the seeds of patriotism, remembering that the boy of to-day will be the man of to-morrow. The true patriot can never be aught than a good citizen. True to himself, true to his home, true to his country, and true to his God. Long live Columbia! Long live her patriotic sons and daughters. JAMES CASSELS.

Letters from the People.

[All communications under this head must be accompanied by the writer's name. We will not be held responsible for any expressions in this department.]—EDITOR.

All a Mistake.

MR. EDITOR:—Kindly allow me a little space in order that I may reply to "Rip," and also set myself in the proper light before the reading public. In the first place allow me to say that my article in the Letterman case was written at the request and earnest solicitation of several of the most prominent citizens of Cameron county. At first I hesitated, but after much thought on the subject I finally decided, out of charity and for the sake of argument, to take the side of Lettermen.

In doing thisI based my article on two or three facts which seemed to me to strengthen, to some degree, the side of the defendent. These facts came from what I regarded a reliable source and I took for granted that these facts could be substantiated and in a kind, gentle way, I proceeded. The facts to which I have just referred were as follows:

First—That Mr. Lettermen was under the impression that his former wife had, during his abscence from State College, succeeded in having their former marriage contract annulled.

Second—That Mr. Lettermen was honest in his intentions, truthful in his statements, and urged upon Miss Fulton to write to different persons, whose names she possessed,and satisfy her mind beyond any doubt that he was telling her the truth.

Lastly that after the duplicity was discovered Miss Fulton begged of her friends to "fix up the matter and bring about a reconciliation with all parties concerned." Now, I ask our many readers, in all candor, whether the above facts are not worthy of some consideration. I love the entire Fulton family, as far as I know them, and would almost as soon lose an arm as to say a word that would bring a pang to the already smitten hearts. Neither do I crave notority. I simply took the side I did because I thought some one at least ought to have a little mercy on the accused. But my effort is perhaps all in vain. I have learned in the last twenty-four hours that "Rip" is the nearest to the truth, so I will have to retract what I said last week. I have not one word to say in Mr. Letterman's favor. If he has done all that "Rip" claims—laid that deep, dark plot—and by lying and a cunning strategy and blight the prospects of an innocent girl forever, then he is a villian most vile, or a consummate fool. I am inclined to cling to the latter. Surely no sane man would do as he has done, with everything against him. No, I cannot undertake to defend Mr. Lettermen, at this time, any more than I could defend Judas Iscariot or old lascivious Felix. We will leave the accused in the hands of the Court and his God. But before I close I have few words for you Mr. Rip or Hercules. This is not the first time you have leveled your shafts at me. You have rushed at me like a mad bull and your impetuosity leads me to believe that you desired to tear out my heart and dig up my father's grave. No, Mr. Rip there is no skeleton in our closet. I wonder if you are not measuring me with your own yard stick. Neither has society cast me off. If it has then it is news to me. Of late years we have entertained many prominent people, and some of the elite of Cameron county have sat at our table and enjoyed our hospitality. And I fully believe dear Rip that I have as many friends in this county as you have. I have enemies too, but it is a good thing to have enemies—enmity is sometimes better than friendship. I think you too are an enemy of mine. I remember the last time I shook you hand, it felt a good deal like the paw of a polar bear. And now Mr. Rip were you ever at my home? You ought to come down and see how we live. I have the sweetest wife and the most charming daughters on earth. And we are so happy and enjoy each others unbounded confidence, and we swim, as it were in a river of domestic felicity. We have no family fears, no cloudy skies, nothing but joyous sunshine. Come down sometime, when convenient, and drop in and try our rambos. Plenty of them in our cheaply constructed cave. Make yourself at home. Have another rambo? If yon desire a few more hints in this case I refer you to the *Independent*.

MOSE CARPENTER.

John J. McAdam.

The funeral of John J. McAdam, a popular young man of the South End, took place last Wednesday morning from his late residence, 54 Rensselaer street, thence to St. John's church, where a solemn requiem mass was chanted by the Rev. J. H. McAdam—a brother of the deceased. Rev. John T. Slattery delivered the eulogy. The remains were enclosed in a steel grey casket with silver trimmings. Deceased had been a faithful employe of the Albany Brewing Co., for the past twenty years. Through respect for the deceased the company closed its doors to allow its employes to attend the funeral in a body. He was whole-souled and generous to a fault and will be greatly missed by his grief stricken family and a legion of friends. The floral tributes consisted of a broken column from the employes of the Albany Brewing Co., and a pillow with the the word "Papa" from his sons and daughters. The bearers were Patrick Hughes, John Donnelly, John Fitzgerald, James Feeney, Michael Keane, Patrick Muruane, James Welch and Patrick Mulhern. The funeral was in charge of Funeral Director, Wm. J. Phillips.—Albany *Press and Knickerbocker*.

Birthday Party.

Last Thursday, Master Harold Seger, the bright little son of Postmaster Seger, entertained about thirty of his little lady and gentlemen friends. The occasion was in honor of Master Harold' seventh birthday. The happy little tots enjoyed themselves as only children can.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican County Convention will meet at the Court House, in the Borough of Emporium, on

TUESDAY, MARCH 22d, 1898,

at 1:00 o'clock, p. m.,

For the purpose of nominating one delegate to the State Convention, candidate for President Judge, choose delegates to the Judicial, Congressional and Senatorial Conventions and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

By Order of County Committee,
H. C. OLMSTED, Chairman.
C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec'y.

Republican Primary Election.

In accordance with a resolution adopted by the Republican County Committee, empowering the Chairman to call a Caucus and County Convention, the Republican Primary elections for Cameron county will be held on

SATURDAY, MARCH 19th, 1898.

Emporium Borough—West Ward, at City Hall, at 7:00 to 8:30 p. m.,—4 delegates; Middle Ward, at Council Room, at 7:00 to 8:30 p. m.,—4 delegates; East Ward,at Hose House,at 7:00 to 8:30 p. m.,—3 delegates.

Shippen Township, at Court House, at 2:00 to 4:00 p. m.,—6 delegates.

Portage Township, at Sizerville Bath House, at 7:00 to 8:00 p. m.,—2 delegates.

Lumber township, at office of R. W. Barrows at Cameron, at 1:00 to 3:00 p. m.,—3 delegates.

Gibson Township, at Curtin House, Driftwood at 3:00 to 5:00 p. m.,—2 delegates.

Driftwood Borough, at Curtin Hotel, at 7:30 to 9:30 p. m.,—3 delegates.

Grove Township, at Joe M. Shaffer's, from 4:00 to 6:00 p. m.,—2 delegates.

H. C. OLMSTED, Chairman.
C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec'y.

Political Announcements.

All Announcements under this head must be signed by the candidate and paid in advance to insure publication.

PRESIDENT JUDGE.

Editor Cameron County Press:—

SIR:—Republican friends from the several counties comprising this, the 25th Judicial District, have requested me to become a candidate for the Republican nomination of President Judge. After consideration I have concluded to comply with their request. Please announce in the CAMERON COUNTY PRESS to the Republican electors of Cameron county and this Judicial District, that I am an earnest candidate for the nomination of President Judge, subject to the rules of the Republican party, and respectfully solicit their support at the primary elections.

I pledge myself, if nominated, to use all honorable means for my election to that responsible office.

Yours respectfully.
B. W. GREEN.

Emporium, Pa., Feb'y. 1st, 1898.

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Editor of the Press.

DEAR SIR:—Please announce my name as a candidate for the nomination for the office of President Judge of this 25th Judicial District, subject to the rules governing the Republican party in Cameron county.

Respectfully.
J. C. JOHNSON.

Emporium, Pa., Feb'y. 2, 1898.

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DELEGATE TO STATE CONVENTION.

EDITOR PRESS:—Please announce my name as a candidate for Delegate to the Republican State Convention, solely in the interests of the candidacy of Hon. Chas. W. Stone for Governor. If elected I pledge myself to use all honorable means to secure his nomination.

E. W. GASKILL.

Shippen, Pa., Feb. 8th, 1898.

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At the earnest solicitation of numerous Republicans I have concluded to be a candidate for delegate to the State Convention, and if elected shall use all honorable means within my power to secure the nomination of Hon. C. W. Stone for Governor.

V. A. BROOKS.

Sinnemahoning, Pa., Feb. 28th, 1898.

BRIEF MENTION.

Col. John Johnson of Emporium, candidate for the Judgeship of Judicial district, including Cameron, Elk and Clinton counties, was in Port Allegany Monday. Mr. Johnson is well and favorably known in these parts, and has many friends who wish him success in his efforts. A brief sketch of the man may not be uninteresting to his friends and acquaintances. Mr. Johnson, who was captain of Company K, Pennsylvania Bucktails, did signal service during the late rebellion, winning in the south fame and glory upon many a battlefield. At the close of the war he returned to Coudersport and resumed his study of law in the office of Mr. Knox, where he remained until his examination in Potter county, and, having also graduated from the Ann Arbor Law School, after being admitted to the bar, he removed to Emporium and opened an office at which place he has received a large and and lucrative practice in both civil and criminal departments of jurisprudence. Mr. Johnson is a genial, pleasant gentleman, of a kindly and charitable disposition, a man who has interested himself actively in every enterprise having for its object the growth and development of Emporium. Perhaps no lawyer is better known to the people of the district than this prominent citizen of Emporium. We are disininclined to agree with the Miner in reference made to Captain Johnson's success in his judicial aspirations, owing to the fact, "he is a good Republican." We think the office is above partizanship and we wish Mr. Johnson success because he is in every respect worthy of the honor and is well qualified to discharge the arduous duties of the bench creditably to himself and with distinction to the district.—Port Allegany *Reporter*.

The Ceres *Mail* newspaper plant and goods were purchased Wednesday by Charles A. Herrick, who has been an employe of the office for several years. The *Mail* was established in 1886 by J. P. Herrick, who will hereafter devote all of his time to his other newspaper, the Bolivar *Breeze*.

An entertainment will be given in the M. E. church, Tuesday, May 8th, at 8:00 p. m "Slums of New York, by Flash Light." The proceeds will be the League's Contribution to the preacher's salary. Admission 15c. and 25c.

It is stated that in Chester county during the past ten days a considerable sentiment has developed in favor of Congressman Chas. W. Stone for Governor. That is natural enough.

Capt. Eulate's trust in the American people was not misplaced.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Planted now on the eastern coast of China are Russia, Japan, Germany, England and France. It is a new sort of happy family and beats the concert of Europe for possibilities.

Speaking of German Rhine wine, the New York Tribune says: "A good deal of stuff is sold here under the name of Rhine wine which would eat the lining out of a blast furnace in about 20 minutes."

A party of American argonauts who went to Venezuela have returned with the report that they "struck some gold, but mighty little of it." Many a Klondike pilgrim will come back with a similar story.

The concert of Europe has vanished everywhere except on the coast of China, where the musicians are playing solos in discordant keys. But the harmonic effects are no worse than they were in Greece.

A Yale professor says "poetry has failed of its mission when its language, like that of diplomacy, is used to conceal thought." But perhaps it is different when, after a diligent examination, no thought is found.

Capt. Ray undoubtedly means well, and further than that he undoubtedly tells the truth, but Uncle Sam might as well make up his mind that nothing short of a Gatling gun and a few troops of cavalry will stop the Klondike rush.

A Boston girl whose lover asked if she would forsake all others and go with him into the heart of the frozen northland gave an affirmative answer so promptly that he had no time for sober second thought and was Klondiked on the spot.

Dogs are destined to play an important part in the affairs of the world from now on. The English foreign office has a serious question of dog-muzzling diplomacy to settle, Kentucky is struggling with the canine tax business, and it is impossible to reach Klondike without a spanking team of brindle pups.

The population of New York, according to the health department, is 3,438,899. That of London, by the census of 1894, was 4,349,000. New York is 1,000,000 smaller than London and 1,000,000 larger than Paris. It was once supposed that China had the largest cities, but Canton, the largest, is now credited with but 1,800,000.

It seems too bad that Mrs. Harrison Sise, of Fort Scott, Kan., should be refused a divorce by a hard-hearted judge just because she has already had two divorces from the same man. It is unkind in the law to get in the way of a man or a woman who wants to make a game of progressive cinch out of matrimony. Why, a few decisions of that description would result in making people look on marriage as a serious matter.

A descendant of Warwick, "the king maker," has been sentenced to five years' imprisonment in England for fraudulently obtaining endorsements to his notes. The criminal is Lord William Nevill, whose father is a marquis and nearly all of whose relatives are titled personages. According to English law Lord William is a "noble," which only goes to show that a good old English word may sometimes be put to base uses.

The returns of the adjutant general of the army show that the nation is not so badly prepared for war, at least as far as the available men are concerned, as some believe. In addition to the small regular army, the militia of the 45 states includes 114,365 men, New York leading with a total of 13,894. The total number of men available for military service is placed at 10,301,339, which would insure in an emergency a very formidable army in point of numbers.

The breaking of ground for the erection of a new cotton mill at Concord, N. C., the other day was an event of importance in the nation's history. New cotton mills are not unplentiful in the south, as manufacturers elsewhere can testify to their sorrow, but this is the first mill to be erected, owned and operated exclusively by negroes. For two years a colored merchant named Stoneman has been working for the promotion of this enterprise and has been able to raise all the funds necessary for the enterprise from members of his race.

It is evident from the report of the United States government's representative in Alaska that the gold region is in the bad condition of a new country without law. This is dangerous because of the temptations which covetousness offers to violence, and because of the lack of ample sustenance for life.

HOW SILVER MEN STAND.

Efforts to Bring About a Single Silver Standard.

Since the silver resolution has been passed by the senate and beaten in the house, it seems in order to ask its advocates what they have gained. They have not disturbed the money markets nor alarmed public feeling in regard to the condition of the treasury. They have made no progress toward bankrupting the government or forcing it to a silver basis. They have not shown greater strength in the senate than was expected, and in the house they have fallen much behind their expectations. The solid resistance of the republican majority in that body shows a much firmer adhesion to the principles of the republican platform than any of the silver men anticipated. What has been gained in this latest campaign against the gold standard? Nothing in votes, and much less than nothing in argument, for the debate in the senate left the silver men in a less defensible position than they have ever before occupied.

There is no indication of increase in the popular demand for silver coinage. On the contrary the prevailing temper in all business centers, even at the west and south, has been steadily turning against the advocates of that policy. The monetary conference at Indianapolis showed a much stronger support from Iowa and other western states than appeared a year ago, and even from the south there came abler and more fully representative delegations from commercial cities. The truth is that the silver men are concentrating the opinion of the whole commercial world against them, and they do not appear to be gaining outside of commercial centers. Neither the farmers, who want something better than 40-cent dollars for their wheat, nor the wage-earners, who prefer honest dollars for their wages, are leaning toward the free-silver policy. In the western mining camps it retains its hold, but everywhere else it appears to be losing.

This is natural, because the silver interest has broken away from its bimetallic associations. The fight of the silver men has in large measure ceased to be an effort for bimetallism, and has become more openly an effort for silver monometallism. It is no longer denied, even in debate in the senate, that the purpose is to bring about payment of debts in silver, without regard to its depreciation in value. Not long ago it was always claimed by silver men that they desired no debasement of the monetary standard, and believed that free-silver coinage would lift silver to par with gold in the world's markets. That pretense has been almost wholly abandoned, and instead there appears the claim that the 40-cent dollar may be properly paid to creditors because coin, and not gold coin, was nominated in the bond.

Efforts for international bimetallism are greatly embarrassed by this new attitude of the silver forces. It can no longer be claimed that they are seeking a union of commercial nations on a bimetallic basis. Instead they are visibly leaning toward abandonment of every such effort, and toward preference for a silver monetary standard alone. It is already plain, too, that this change in the attitude of silver men has its influence upon the tone of public opinion. Many thousand men who were earnestly in favor of bimetallism have found themselves altogether hostile to the more recent attitude of the silver men, because they are compelled to realize that the effort of the silver party is no longer for bimetallism, but for silver monometallism.—N. Y. Tribune.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

☞The silverites have found out that McKinley believes in honest money, despite their blandishments.—Toledo Blade.

☞President McKinley, amid the jingoes and the juntas and the De Lomes, keeps the calm way of right. It takes a great deal of courage to do that much.—Iowa State Register.

☞Mr. Bryan admits that he needs the support of populists and silver republicans. The first, however, have flocked by themselves, and the latter are non-existent.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞Altgeld has just arisen and announced that he has not repudiated free silver. This is a sad disappointment to many people who had begun to hope that in addition to keeping quiet Altgeld was accumulating knowledge.—Cleveland Leader.

☞A democratic paper complains that "Great Britain, France and Germany are responding to American tariff restrictions on their goods by setting up their textile plants in America." This is supposed to work a hardship by introducing foreign capital and labor, a new kind of free trade argument, but not much worse than the others.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞The president and the republican party have taken a decided stand before the country, that of keeping every dollar of its currency equivalent to gold. The democratic party naturally opposes this policy, as it does all republican policies, upholds the semi-fiat theory of the free coinage of silver, and appears to be preparing to adopt the theory of pure fiatism in the issuance by the government of unlimited and irredeemable paper currency.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

☞The democratic bourbons, learning nothing and forgetting nothing, have patched the rent banner of free silver and nailed it again to their flagpole. No flag that is not starred and striped like the national ensign can wave over public property in these United States of America. So the rag must come down, and every election from now on must help to bring it down. The democratic party has forced the issue. The challenge is accepted. The banner of degradation must be made a degraded banner.—Troy Times.

PROTECTION TRIUMPHANT.

It Is Teaching Foreign Manufacturers a Needed Lesson.

The culminating triumph of the system of protective tariffs applied to American industries is that it has taught the old world that low wages do not of necessity insure low cost of production. It is simple truth that the manufacturer of iron and steel goods in the United States pays from 30 to 86, or even 100, per cent. more for his labor than his European rival, and that, though he has to haul his raw material ten times as far from the mine to the furnace and shop, he produces a better article at a lower cost. In its beginning protection increased the cost of some articles to the American consumer, but this was during a short stage of commercial existence. Protection stimulated output, and stimulation of output involved fierce competition for possession of the home market, and that resulted in low prices. At last the American output has exceeded all possible demands of the home market, and foreign trade has become a necessity. To the astonishment of Europe it is proved that goods made by men who earn from $1.50 to $4 per day can be sold as cheaply as those produced at a labor cost of from $1 to $3. America is teaching Europe a lesson in sociology.

The low-paid laborer of Europe often is a tool rather than a mechanic. He works as he was taught to work by his father. He improves upon nothing; he discovers nothing. He eats, he sleeps, he works; he does not think. The better paid artisan of America is better educated, more ambitious and infinitely more inventive. He is paid far more than the European, and he lives upon a far more liberal scale, but he produces far more and of better quality, although he works fewer hours in each day. The European plan has worked to the degradation of the workman, the American method has worked to his betterment. Thus we now are able to produce pig iron at from two to three dollars per ton less cost than rules in England, and this saving pays ocean freight and leaves a margin of profit on foreign sales. We are selling steel rails to London, and covering the roads of Europe with American bicycles, and are putting American sewing machines into European shops and houses. We are furnishing Japan, China, Australia and British Africa with steam war ships, locomotives, electrical appliances, and all materials of railway plants.

It is, paradoxical as it may seem, to the high wages that our protective system fostered that our success in foreign trade is due. Competition for possession of the largest and most profitable home market of the world stimulated invention, and the intelligent ambition of our artisans made them specialists and inventors. Protection insured us a home market, and commercial activity in that wide area has strengthened the arms of our commerce and manufactures till they have become able to reach out for and to grasp a large and increasing share of the trade of the world.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

PAY IN GOLD COIN.

Extract from an Address Delivered by Ex-Gov. Boutwell.

Ex-Gov. Boutwell, who is now 80 years old, in an address a few days ago, spoke in part as follows concerning gold, silver and bonds:

"As early as 1869, in my first annual report to congress, I recommended what became substantially the act of July, 1870, for the reissue of bonds, under which act all the bonds issued have been passed or issued.

"In that act it was provided that the bonds of the United States should be payable in coin of the then present weight and fineness.

"The question whether they should be paid in silver or in gold was not the subject of consideration. In 1869 and 1870 the silver in a silver dollar—if one could have been found, which in fact was then impossible—outvalued the gold which was in a gold dollar.

"Therefore, there was no reason for distinguishing that they should be paid in silver, but as a matter of fact they were made payable in coin,' and technically and legally, perhaps, it must be admitted that they who oppose the payment of these bonds in gold have some foundation on which to stand and therefore we may as well admit the fact.

"Now it happens that in these 30 years silver has been depreciating until upon the present value a silver dollar is worth only 43 cents in gold. What is our answer to this?

"I think it must be that we mean to be an honest people; that this catastrophe upon silver has come without any agency upon our part, whatever they may say. The real culprit—the man who is responsible for all this apparent and real disorder in the commercial world—is a man who lived in the city of Pittsburgh, Charles Burleigh, who invented the power drill by which mountains have been penetrated, the bowels of the earth have been laid open and silver extracted in vast quantities such as could not have been commanded if we had had at our service the men who built the pyramids of Egypt or the Coliseum of Rome.

"Now, are the American people to take advantage of this contract, or are they to say, to be sure the word 'coin' is used in the bond, but we would do what we would have done by us. We have taken your gold, we will pay gold. And I know in Massachusetts—this Massachusetts of ours—that in the peril of the war, when the light of day was like the darkness of night, Massachusetts paid the interest on her bonds in gold, and the gold that went out of the treasury sold in the markets of the world for 150 and 160 and 180 per cent. premium, and no man whose face I have seen or of whose observations I have heard ever complained that an act of superlative honesty in one critical time would not tend to plant a similar honesty in the other.

"Now let us go to the country and say: No matter what is in these bonds it is coin, but we will pay in gold coin. It shall not rest upon this great country with close to 100,000,000 population, with resources such as no other country has ever seen, resources of which no half-crazed enthusiast ever dreamed—that this country of ours with centuries of a future shall carry down to coming ages the taint that in those days of prosperity she sought to shirk from the performance of an honest duty."

☞Horace Boies says that within 15 years the banks will hold the purse-strings of the nation. Well, if Uncle Horace and his friends are not stopped the strings will be about the only thing in the purse worth holding.—Chicago Times-Herald.

THEY DIE IN THE STREETS

Thousands of People in Matanzas Province Perish from Starvation.

Santiago de Cuba, Feb. 24.—While the United States cruiser Montgomery was at Matanzas recently a board of officers was appointed to inquire into the condition of the people of that province. The report sets forth that there are 14,000 people absolutely without food and clothing within the city limits. About 3,000 of these live in small huts of palm branches. These huts form three separate villages beyond the built up portions of the city. The other 11,000 unfortunates live in the streets of the city and are absolutely without homes or shelter.

These 14,000 people are of the laboring class who have been driven into the cities from their country homes, which have been destroyed in the war operations. Most of them are women and children and they are all emaciated, sick and almost beyond relief unless they can have the benefit of regular treatment in the hospitals. As it is, they are dying in the streets for want of food.

According to statistics gathered from official sources the number of deaths in the province of Matanzas from starvation is 59,000 and the number of starving people at present in the province is estimated at 98,000, out of a total population of 253,616 in December, 1891, and the number of starving people is rapidly increasing.

In the city of Matanzas alone there have been about 11,000 deaths during the past year and the number is increasing daily. The death rate at present averages 46 per day.

CHANGES IN THE MAP.

Ex-Senator Ingalls Says They are About to Come as a Result of a General Conflict.

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 24.—Ex-Senator John J. Ingalls, of Kansas, believes that a general upheaval is near, when the map of the entire earth and frontiers of nations will undergo a change.

"I believe we are on the brink of the most tremendous explosion that has been known in the world's history," he said in an interview Tuesday night. "There is a universal crisis at hand. There are many causes which contribute to this crisis—the gigantic armament of the European powers; the territorial encroachment of the rival powers in the Orient and in Africa; the war of the laboring masses against their own condition and the accumulation of wealth by the other class.

"All are prepared for a conflict. I can't but believe that a struggle for the readjustment of frontiers is not far off. We will come out of it all right, I feel certain, and I believe that civilization will be advanced, but it will work a change in the map of the world."

WAS NOT AN ACCIDENT.

Evidence that Shows the Explosion in Havana Harbor was the Work of Spaniards.

Havana, Feb. 24. — The situation, which may be changed any moment by fresh discoveries, may be summed up as follows: The divers having discovered cases of brown hexagonal powder for the ten-inch guns unexploded, and believing also that others unexploded will be found in the ten-inch magazine on the starboard side forward, the conviction grows that this magazine did not blow up. If this be so conviction is forced that the explosion which wrecked the Maine came from the outside on the port bow.

American officials here are confident that Gen. Blanco and the other high Spanish officials had no knowledge of the conception or execution of a plot to blow up the Maine, if such a plot existed, but they believe the junior Spanish officers, who are more conversant with modern explosives than their elders and superiors, were at the bottom of the disaster, if there was any outside agency.

Spies Abducted.

Tampa, Fla., Feb. 24.—There are a number of spies all the time employed in Florida by Spain, but several have disappeared. Two new ones were brought here from Key West two weeks ago and sent to Jacksonville. When the Buccaneer left Saturday night, the spies left also, and it is thought they are prisoners on board and will be landed in Cuba.

Two Spanish spies, detailed to locate the expedition that left Pascagoula last week, were bound and taken on board the tug and landed in Cuba, prisoners to Gen. Gomez. The feeling against spies is so great that any one proved to be a Spanish agent will be in danger of violent handling.

Rumored Loss of Gold Seekers.

New York, Feb. 24.—There is a possibility that the bark Agate, which sailed from here last week, bound to the Yukon river, may have been wrecked. The Agate carried 40 men who were going to the Klondike, in addition to the crew of 16 men. The steamship Kingsland, which has arrived here from South American ports, when 20 miles southeast of Barnegat fell in with a quantity of wreckage marked "Agate."

Hart Resentenced.

Philadelphia, Feb. 24.—John D. Hart, president of the Hart Steamship Co., was yesterday sentenced to the eastern penitentiary to serve the sentence imposed upon him a year ago by Judge Butler. Hart was at that time convicted of aiding a Cuban filibustering expedition on the steamer Laurada and was sentenced to an imprisonment of two years and to pay a fine of $500 and the costs of the trial.

A Battle with a Maniac.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Charles Konnecker, a traveling man of New Orleans, and formerly a commission merchant of that city, was yesterday declared insane and sent to the detention hospital. Konnecker became violent at the Auditorium hotel and attempted to kill himself. After a terrific struggle with five policemen, the man was strapped to a chair. Konnecker declared he was Rex, king of the Mardi Gras, and that a conspiracy existed to kill him. He also insisted that he owned all the wheat in the world, and has more money than Monte Cristo ever had.

THE ILL-FATED MAINE.

Description of the Battleship Destroyed in Havana Harbor.

Regarded by Experts as One of the Most Effective Warships in the Navy—Her Cost Estimated at $2,500,000.

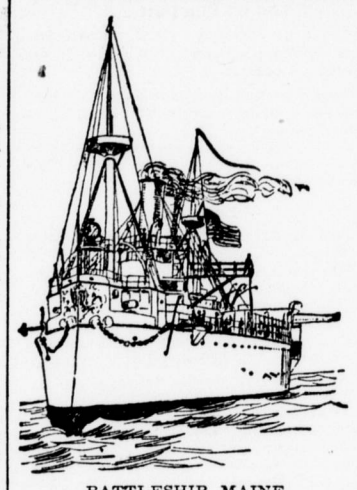
The Maine was regarded as one of the most effective vessels in the American navy. In speaking of her just after she was put in commission a naval officer said that she "is not a cruiser, but a fighting ship, a floating fort. She is meant strictly for business."

The keel of the Maine was laid in the Brooklyn navy yard, in October, 1888. The dimensions of the hull were: Length over all, 324 feet 4½ inches; at water line, 310 feet; breadth of beam, 57 feet; mean draught, 21½ feet; displacement, 6,648 tons. A sail area was allowed of 7,135 square feet, to be used barque-rig.

Work progressed slowly, for a plant had to be built up. The vessel, without armor and fittings, was launched November 19, 1890, in the presence of a great crowd and with much ceremony, her sponsor being Miss Alice Tracy Wilmerding, granddaughter of Secretary Tracy, then at the head of the navy department. Her official trial took place in October, 1894.

The Maine was a twin-screw, armored turret vessel of the belted cruiser type, that is, having an armor belt to protect the vitals of the ship, even though the other parts of the construction should be riddled with shot.

The Maine had for protection against an opponent's projectiles an armor belt 12 inches thick, tapering to seven inches below the water line. The ends were unprotected by side armor, but at both ends there were transverse armor bulkheads of sufficient thickness to deflect any projectiles that might reach so far. A curving steel deck protected the engines and boilers. The barbette armor was 12 inches in thickness and the turret armor plates were eight inches thick.



BATTLESHIP MAINE.
(Blown Up in Havana Harbor on the Evening of Feb. 15.)

As a fighter the Maine was a formidable ship. Her main battery consisted of four 10-inch breech-loading rifles in the two turrets and six 6-inch breech-loading rifles. The secondary battery consisted of four 57-millimeter and four 47-millimeter rapid-fire guns, four 47-millimeter revolving cannon and four Gatlings. There were also three torpedo tubes below water and four on the berth deck. Two torpedo boats 61 feet long, drawing 2½ feet, of 14 2-3 tons displacement, were part of the equipment.

The turrets containing the 10-inch guns were arranged en echelon, so that all four could be trained directly ahead or astern, with a range arc of 240 degrees. This arrangement of guns was most effectual in the case of the Japanese fleet at the battle of the Yalu river. The 6-inch rifles were planned to be worked by hand, and were protected by steel shields two inches thick.

The weight of a broadside of the Maine would have been 2,700 pounds, exclusive of the secondary battery.

The Maine had eight steel horizontal boilers, vertical inverted cylinder direct acting triple expansion twin screw engines of 9,000 indicated horse power. She carried 822 tons of coal, with which she could steam 2,770 knots at 14.8 knots an hour, or 7,000 knots at 10 knots an hour. She has a double bottom and numerous water-tight compartments.

The full complement of men carried by the Maine when she was put in commission was 306, besides the officers and 40 marines.

The Maine, though of a type of construction vastly improved upon, was one of the best vessels of America's new navy. She cost, all told, $2,500,000.

Sugar Cane Is Nutritious.

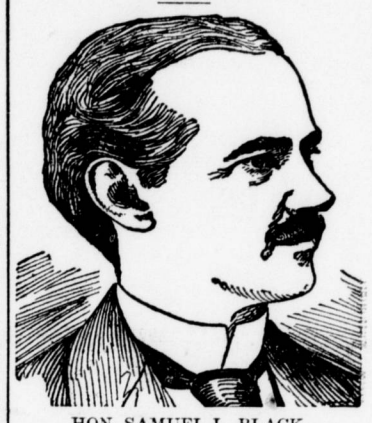
It has been remarked that the negroes in sugar-cane regions depend to a considerable extent upon the juice of the cane for nourishment. By the use of Mosso's ergograph, Dr. Harley found that sugar promoted muscular power wonderfully. On a fasting day it increased his ability to work 61 to 76 per cent. Taking ordinary meals, he found that eight and three-fourths ounces per day increased his work capacity 22 to 36 per cent. In these days, when athletes are so much inclined to use special stimulants for immediate preparation for their contests, it might be interesting to try sugar as a substitute for the possibly injurious preparations sometimes in vogue.

Was a Union Officer.

Col. Emil Frey, formerly president of the Swiss republic, and for five years Swiss minister to Washington, is at present director in chief of the international telegraph system of Europe. He fought in the union army during the civil war and was for a time a prisoner in Libby prison.

MAYOR OF COLUMBUS.

The Executive of the Capital City of Ohio Speaks.



HON. SAMUEL L. BLACK.

Executive Department, City of Columbus.

To Whom It May Concern:

I can most cheerfully recommend Pe-ru-na as of the very greatest possible benefit in cases of catarrh and other diseases of the mucous membrane. This remedy has established itself in the minds of the people as of the greatest possible worth and genuineness.

I have known Dr. Hartman for a number of years and am pleased to say that he is one of the leading citizens of this city, a man of the very highest standing and character in the community.

Respectfully, Samuel L. Black.

The old saying that "a prophet is not without honor save in his own country," does not hold true of Dr. Hartman's great catarrh remedy—Pe-ru-na. Pe-ru-na is in great repute, not only in the city of Columbus, where it is made, but in the county and the State. The city officials, county officials, state officials of Ohio have given Pe-ru-na the highest endorsements that words could convey. It is the greatest known catarrh remedy. It cures catarrh wherever located. Send for a copy of the National Witness, which is filled with home testimony concerning Pe-ru-na as a catarrh remedy. Address The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, Ohio.

Disqualified.

"Oh, yes, Miss Birdling is a cultivated singer, but she will never pass for a great artist, you know."

"And why not, pray?"

"Because she can sing in nothing but English."

"Oh, dear! Is that so?"

"Yes, and it is abominably good English, too. You can understand every word she says."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY. }

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON,
[Seal] Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

No Room to Turn.

"Did you ever turn over a new leaf the first of the year?"

"Gracious! no; we live in a flat."—Detroit Free Press.

Ask Your Friends About It.

Your distressing cough can be cured. We know it because Kemp's Balsam within the past few years has cured so many coughs and colds in this community. Its remarkable sale has been won entirely by its genuine merit. Ask some friend who has used it what he thinks of Kemp's Balsam. There's no medicine so pure, none so effective. Large bottles, 25 cents and 50 cents. Sample bottle free.

The Back-Biter.

"The back-biter," remarked the observer of men and things, "is usually somebody who has been frustrated in the attempt to get white meat off the breast."—Detroit Journal.

News for the Wheelmen.

The League of American Wheelmen numbers nearly 2,000 below the 100,000 mark within the last few weeks. In spite of this startling diminution, the maximum of health may be attained by those who use the comforting and thorough tonic, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which promotes digestion, a healthy flow of bile, regularity of the bowels, and counteracts kidney trouble. It is, moreover, a remedy for and preventive of malaria and rheumatism.

Almonds and Smilax.

A good deal is said and written about society, but all there is to it is salted almonds and smilax.—Atchison Globe.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

There are people who think it is a big thing to play no cards but whist.—Washington Democrat.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00. Go at once: delays are dangerous.

However sad a man may feel, he loses his look of sadness when eating a good dinner.—Atchison Globe.

Actors, Vocalists, Public Speakers praise Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.

Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

You can tell a good deal about a man by the kind of team he drives.—Washington Democrat.

When did you arrive—not to know St. Jacobs Oil will cure a sprain right off.

It is astonishing how many people criticise things they know nothing about.—Washington Democrat.

Disability is made ability to work from The cure of Lumbago by St. Jacobs Oil.

Love—A game the result of which is often a tie.—Chicago Daily News.

It is a knock-out when St. Jacobs Oil cures Sciatica promptly.

A writing teacher never knows anything about grammar.—Washington Democrat.

Very Painful

Could Not Move without Great Suffering—Hood's Cured.

"My shoulders and arms were very painful with rheumatism so that I could hardly move them without great suffering. I have taken four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and now find myself free from rheumatism." MRS. MARY A. TUCKER, 454 Ninth St., Red Wing, Minn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5.
Hood's Pills cure sick headache. 25c.

ALL EYES ON HAVANA.

Public Must Patiently Wait Result of Maine Inquiry.

Everything Quiet at Washington—Contract for Wrecking Let—Divers Find More Bodies—Inquiry Board Meets Again.

Washington, Feb. 23.—All the government departments were closed in Washington Tuesday save the navy department, where a few of the officials assembled to receive any dispatches that might arrive and to close the contract with the wreckers for the recovery of the effects on the Maine and the vessel herself, if that be practicable. The signing of the wrecking contract was the most important event of the day, and, this concluded, the officials closed up shop and went home to enjoy a respite from the rush of the past week. Capt. Sigsbee was heard from in a dispatch which indicates that close attention will be given to the coal bunkers by the naval court of inquiry. Washington officials unquestionably have been for some time preparing for any emergency that may arise, but appearances at the department would indicate that any necessary orders already have been given, and that the situation is not one calling for immediate activity at Washington. A report was circulated that Gen. Miles, the commander of the army, had issued additional orders for troops at all forts to be on the alert and ready for immediate action, but this was promptly denied by the general's chief of staff. Nothing whatever of a sensational character occurred in Washington, and on the whole the day was free of rumors by comparison with its immediate predecessors for the past week or more.

More Bodies Recovered.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The navy department received a dispatch from Capt. Sigsbee Tuesday evening saying that 14 more bodies had been recovered from the wreck of the Maine. All the remains are unidentified. It is not thought that any bodies will be identified hereafter unless by the clothing. Aside from the effect of long submersion, the men still missing were nearly all directly under the main deck, which was blown up, and the tremendous force of the explosion probably blotted scores of them out of existence entirely.

The Day in Havana.

Havana, Feb. 23.—The court of inquiry opened at half-past ten and took a recess at 12:30. Lieut. G. F. W. Holman, navigator and ordnance officer of the Maine, was examined at the morning session. The court met for the afternoon session at half-past one, and Lieutenant Commander R. Wainwright, executive officer of the Maine, was called to the witness stand. Lieutenant Commander Wainwright has been in immediate charge of the wreck since the explosion.

The officers of the court of inquiry paid another visit to the wreck Tuesday. Capt. Sampson, after the visits of the members of the court to the captain general and Admiral Manterola Tuesday, said the reception extended them had been polite and cordial. The captain general and admiral had expressed deep sympathy and the hope that nothing would interfere to prevent a thorough investigation. They offered to give any help in their power. Capt. Sampson referred to the visits as "tending to promote a better understanding."

Four divers are at work, two in the fore part of the ship and the others aft. The task is most laborious, and the men are naturally careful, as they have had to work in complete darkness, and several have had bad falls. Electric lights from the Mangrove are now available and much good is expected from them. Nearly all the possible salvage has now been made from the cabin aft. The efforts to reach the ward and messrooms are frustrated by some unknown obstacle. It is expected to find bodies in those rooms. Two cases of ten-inch ammunition have been found, the one having exploded, the other full of powder. These were found forward. The work of securing the bodies under the hatch has been most difficult in the dark, but it is hoped that the electric lights will be of great assistance. The bodies are much mutilated and some are partially burned.

Gunner Charles Morgan, of the cruiser New York, who is in charge of the divers, will devote special attention to examining the ammunition in the fore part of the Maine's hull and to ascertain the condition of the plates, mazazines and engines. He is a graduate in gunnery and is regarded as entirely competent, as indeed are all the divers under his direction. He is under strict orders not to give out anything on the subject of his investigations, except to the officers of the court of inquiry when called upon.

Warned by Gen. Lee.

Havana, Feb. 23.—Americans in Havana have been quietly notified by Consul-General Lee that it might be well for them to send their families to a place of safety. These precautions were taken in view of the fact that there is strong suspicion that the volunteers, anti-American and anti-autonomy, have been inspired to make trouble in case the Maine inquiry proves that the catastrophe was due to design.

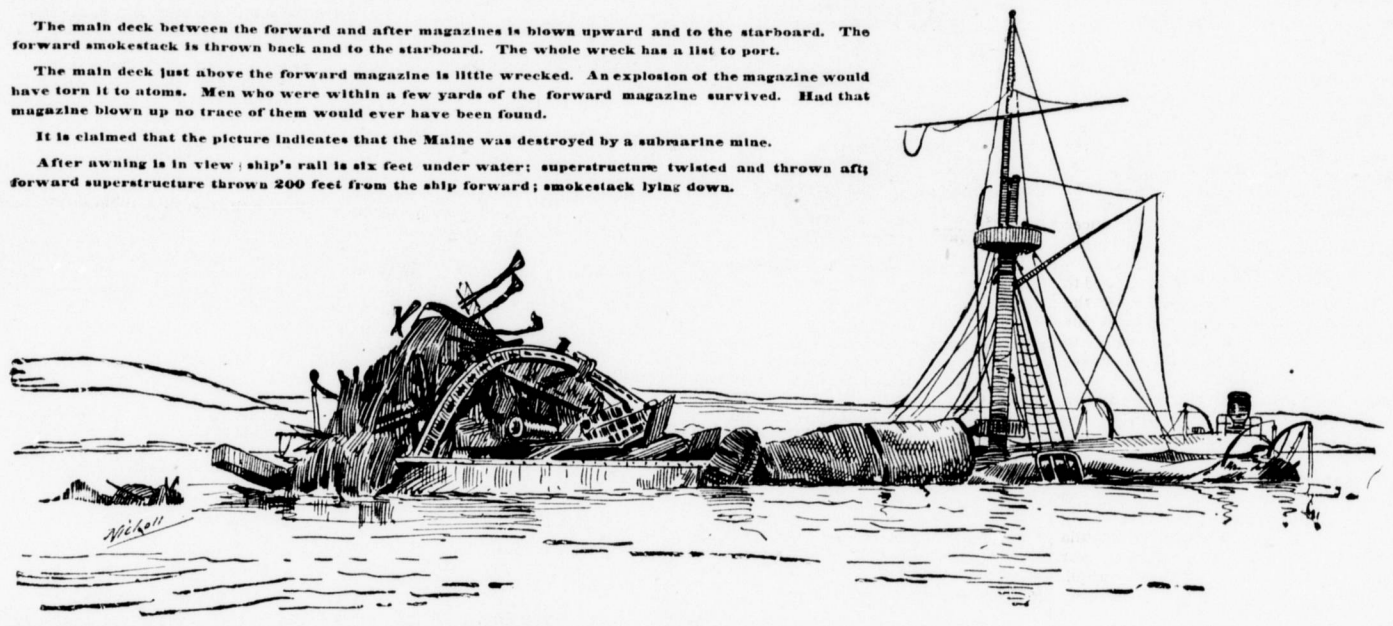
THE WRECK OF THE MAINE—FROM A PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN THE MORNING AFTER THE EXPLOSION.

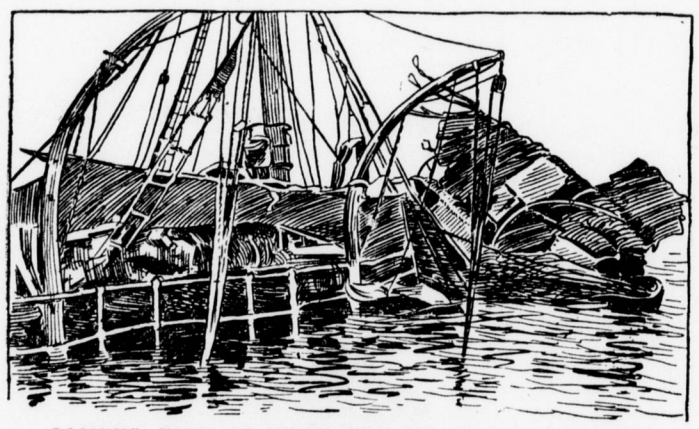
The main deck between the forward and after magazines is blown upward and to the starboard. The forward smokestack is thrown back and to the starboard. The whole wreck has a list to port.

The main deck just above the forward magazine is little wrecked. An explosion of the magazine would have torn it to atoms. Men who were within a few yards of the forward magazine survived. Had that magazine blown up no trace of them would ever have been found.

It is claimed that the picture indicates that the Maine was destroyed by a submarine mine.

After awning is in view; ship's rail is six feet under water; superstructure twisted and thrown aft; forward superstructure thrown 200 feet from the ship forward; smokestack lying down.





LOOKING FORWARD FROM THE STARBOARD QUARTER.

DEADLY DYNAMITE.

Explosion in a Stone Quarry Kills Three Men.

Philadelphia, Feb. 23.—The premature explosion of a charge of dynamite Tuesday in the stone quarry at Sixty-sixth and Vine streets killed three Italian workmen, Mike De Sando, Franz De Succio and Mike Hornburth. The quarry was owned by W. J. Mullen, who had warned the men not to tamper with the charge, which consisted of three sticks of dynamite. Hornburth, however, undertook to loosen the rock, and dropping the cartridge, proceeded to ram it down. The explosion followed. Over 100 tons of rock were loosened and De Sando and De Succio were buried beneath it and instantly killed. Hornburth was hurled 50 feet in the air. He died shortly afterwards. Several other workmen were slighly injured.

Foes of Suffrage Organize.

Des Moines, Ia., Feb. 23.—At a meeting here Tuesday 35 prominent women of this city formed the Iowa Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage. The association will be state wide and is formed to work against the passage of a woman-suffrage amendment in Iowa.

Iowa Bank Robbed.

Thor, Ia., Feb. 23.—The Thor savings bank was robbed Monday night. The vault and safe doors were blown open and the thieves made way with over $2,500 in money. All valuable papers were saved.

Bryan to Speak in Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 23.—William Jennings Bryan has wired acceptance of an invitation to address the Mohawk silver club at its second annual banquet April 4.

To Revive Grade.

Washington, Feb. 23.—Gen. Henderson, of Iowa, has introduced a bill to revive the grade of lieutenant general of the army.

A LESSON TO PATRIOTS.

President McKinley Finds It in Washington's Life.

His Address to the Students of the University of Pennsylvania—Pays an Eloquent Tribute to America's First Executive.

Philadelphia, Feb. 23.—President McKinley ate an early breakfast Tuesday with the family of Charles C. Harrison. He did not leave the house until a few minutes before 11 o'clock, when in company with Mr. Harrison he was driven to the Academy of Music, where the Washington birthday commemorative exercises of the University of Pennsylvania were held.

The Academy of Music, where the ceremonies were held, was beautifully decorated. After the university boys had given the 'varsity cheer, winding up with the president's name, Provost C. C. Harrison stepped to the front of the stage and introduced the president in a brief address.

The President's Address.

The president spoke in part as follows:

"We celebrate here as in every part of our country the birthday of a great patriot, who assured the beginning of a great nation. This day belongs to patriotism and the people. But in a certain sense the University of Pennsylvania has special reasons for honoring the 22d of February. For over half a century, with ever increasing popularity and public recognition, you have observed the occasion, either as a holiday or with patriotic exercises, participated in by faculty and students.

"Washington, too, belonged to the brotherhood of the alumni of this institution, having accepted the degree of doctor of laws conferred upon him in 1783—an honor doubtless the more appreciated when he recalled the events which gave him close and peculiar attachment to the city of Philadelphia.

"Though Washington's exalted character and the most striking acts of his brilliant record are too familiar to be recounted here where so many times they have received eloquent and deserved eulogy, yet often as the story is retold it engages our love and admiration and interest. We love to recall his noble unselfishness, his heroic purposes, the power of his magnificent personality, his glorious achievements for mankind and his stalwart and unflinching devotion to independence, liberty and union. These cannot be too often told or be too familiarly known.

"And how reverent always was this great man, how prompt and generous his recognition of the guiding hand of Divine Providence in establishing and controlling the destinies of the colonies and the republic. Again and again—in his talks, in his letters, in his state papers and formal addresses—he reveals this side of his character, the force of which we still feel, and I trust we always will.

"Not alone upon days of thanksgiving or in times of trial should we as a people remember and follow the example thus set by the fathers, but never in our future as a nation should we forget the great moral and religious principles which they enunciated and defended as their most precious heritage.

Lessons from His Farewell Address.

"But if a timely lesson is to be drawn from the opinions of Washington on his assuming the office of president, so also is much practical benefit to be derived from the present application of portions of his farewell address, a document in which Washington laid down principles which appeared to him 'all important to the permanence of your felicity as a people.'

"In the address Washington contends in part (1) for the promotion of institutions of learning; (2) for cherishing the public credit; (3) for the observance of good faith and justice toward all nations.

"Adams and Madison, Jefferson and Hamilton, Sherman and Trumbull, Hancock, Jay, Marshall, the Clintons and many others of our early statesmen were scarcely less earnest and eloquent than Washington himself in pleading the cause of sound and liberal education for the people.

"A liberal education is the prize of individual industry. It is the greatest blessing that a man or woman can enjoy when supported by virtue, morality and noble aims.

"Cherish the Public Credit."

"'Cherish the public credit.' How much both of reflection and instruction is combined in this simple admonition of the father of his country. The United States emerged from the bitter and prolonged struggle of the revolutionary war exhausted financially and with a hundred existing perplexities and difficulties which remained to be solved before the financial credit of the new nation could be established at home and demonstrated abroad.

"From the day our flag was unfurled to the present hour, no stain of a just obligation violated has yet tarnished the American name.

"This must and will be as true in the future as it has been in the past. There will be prophets of evil and false teachers. Some part of the column may waver and wander away from the standard, but there will ever rally around it a mighty majority to preserve it stainless and in honor.

"At no point in his administration does Washington appear in grander proportions than when he enunciates his ideas in regard to the foreign policy of the government: 'Observe good faith and justice toward all nations; cultivate peace and harmony with all; religion and morality enjoin this conduct. Can it be that good policy does not equally enjoin it? It will be worthy of a free, enlightened and, at no distant period, a great nation to give to mankind the magnanimous and too novel example of a people always guided by an exalted justice and benevolence.'

"He has warned us against false lights. He has taught us the true philosophy of 'a perfect union' and shown us the graphic dangers from sectionalism and wild and unreasonable party spirit. He has emphasized the necessity at all times for the exercise of sober and dispassionate judgment.

"Such a judgment, my fellow citizens, is the best safeguard in calm and tranquil events and rises superior and triumphant above the storms of woe and peril.

"The priceless opportunity is ours to demonstrate anew the enduring triumph of American civilization and to help in the progress and prosperty of the land we love."

SLAIN BY A MOB.

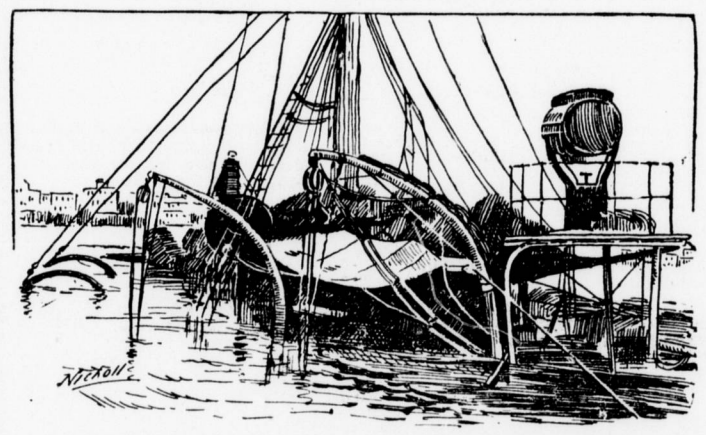
Colored Postmaster and His Child Murdered at Lake City, S. C.

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 23.—A special from Columbia, S. C., to the Constitution says: The most revolting crime ever perpetrated by white men in South Carolina was committed at Lake City, Williamsburg county, at one o'clock Tuesday morning when Postmaster Baker, a negro, and his family were burned out of their home, the postmaster and a babe in arms killed, his wife and three daughters shot and maimed for life. Baker was appointed postmaster three months ago. Lake City is a town of 500 inhabitants and the negro population in the vicinity is large. There was a protest at Baker's appointment, but it was not a very vigorous one. Three months ago as the postmaster was leaving the office at night in company with several colored men he was fired on from ambush, but it was not known that the would-be assassin was prompted by other than personal malice. Since that Baker moved his family into a house on the outskirts of the town, where he also established the post office.

Last Tuesday night a body of men who kept concealed behind buildings and fences in the neighborhood riddled the building with shot and rifle bullets. They shot high and no one was hurt, but it was supposed to convey a warning. It was a short time before that Senators Tillman and McLaurin and Congressman Horton had asked the postmaster-general to remove Baker because of his color and the request had been refused. Baker did not move his family and gave no evidence of being frightened. He felt confident of protection from Washington.

At one o'clock Tuesday morning a torch was applied to the post office and Baker's house. Back, just within the line of light, were over a hundred white men, armed with pistols and shotguns. By the time the fire aroused the sleeping family, consisting of the postmaster, his wife, four daughters, a son and an infant at the breast, the crowd began firing into the building. A hundred bullet holes were made through the thin boarding and many found lodgment in the people within.

China, it is said, has agreed to open all her inland waters to navigation by steamers, whether foreign or native owned.



LOOKING FORWARD FROM THE AFTER SEARCHLIGHT.

CAPT. SIGSBEE REPORTS.

He Gives Information to the Navy Department.

Mutilation of Bodies of Victims of the Wreck is So Frightful as to Preclude Their Removal to the United States—Strength of Our Naval Militia.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Rumors of startling discoveries in the wreck of the Maine were less frequent yesterday, but there were enough of them still afloat to warrant Secretary Long in making this statement to the newspaper men: "Summing up the situation, I should say that the navy department knows to-day nothing more about the cause of the disaster than it did five minutes after the receipt of the first dispatch from Capt. Sigsbee."

The secretary's attention was drawn to the published statement that Capt. Crowninshield, chief of the bureau of navigation, had arrived at Tampa, Fla., on the Montgomery from a trip to Cuba, where he had been inspecting prospective coaling stations near Matanzas. The secretary's comment was this: "Capt. Crowninshield has not been to Cuba. He has been off with his boy on matters not in any way connected with the business of the navy."

The only exact information received by the navy department from Havana during the day was conveyed in Capt. Sigsbee's telegram, as follows:

Wrecking tug Right Arm arrived yesterday and begins work to-day. Much encumbering metal must be blasted away in detail. Navy divers down aft seven days, forward four days. Bodies of Jenkins and Merritt not found. Two unidentified bodies of crew found yesterday. After compartment filled with detached, broken and buoyant furniture and fittings. Spanish authorities continue offers of assistance and care for wounded and dead. Everything that goes from wreck to the United States should be disinfected. Surgeon of the Maine recommends that all bedding and clothing should be abandoned. Might go to acclimated poor. Useless fittings and equipments might be towed to sea and thrown overboard. Shall old metal of superstructure and like be saved? Friends of dead should understand that we are in the tropics. Chaplain Chidwick is charged with all matters relative to the dead.

Secretary Long answered Capt. Sigsbee, approving all his recommendations. He was directed to have Lieut. Wainwright, the executive officer of the Maine, arrange with the wreckers for the disinfection of everything sent to the United State. The recommendation that all bedding and clothing be abandoned, and if needed be given to the acclimated poor, was approved. The same approval was given to the suggestion that useless fittings and equipment be towed to sea and thrown overboard. To the captain's inquiry as to the saving of old metal and parts of the superstructure the answer was given that such material was of no use to the bureau of equipment.

Sigsbee's statement that the divers have been down aft seven days and forward four days, gave the navy department the first information of the time that the divers had been in the vicinity of the "zone of explosion," as he has termed it. This zone is confined to the forward part of the ship, and while the divers have been down aft for the last week, their work forward in the vicinity of the large magazine has been in progress only four days.

The statement in the Sigsbee dispatch that "friends of the dead should understand we are in the tropics" is understood to refer to the pleas of relatives of the dead that they be brought to the United States. These appeals continue to be received, and while they excite the deepest sympathy of officials, no hope can be held out that the dead can be brought back.

The press reports have given in part the terrible mutilation of the bodies, but it is feared this has not been fully realized by relatives. The men were sleeping on the berth deck, with metal floors and ceilings, which, by the force of the explosion, were ground together into a confused mass. Knowing this, there is little hope that many of the bodies still missing will be found, or, if found, that they will be in a condition to be brought to the United States.

Late last night the navy department received two telegrams from Capt. Sigsbee. One related to some routine matter of expenditures in connection with the work on the Maine, and the other is as follows:

"Divers report more bodies in wreck. Some in hammocks in debris. Probably not recognizable."

This dispatch indicates that the divers have secured at least a partial entrance to the quarters in the forward part of the vessel where the crew was asleep when the explosion occurred, and under which were the magazines. One fact that the divers were unable to extricate the bodies shows the fearful obstacles against which they are laboring.

The navy department gives out figures showing the strength of the naval militia up to date. This shows a total force of 4,445 officers and enlisted men.

The state naval militia, in the event of sudden emergency, could be utilized at once for manning the smaller national cruisers. It could be depended upon mainly as a second line of defense and also be used in placing mines and the establishment of signal stations for coast defense.

The city of Washington is now regarded as being well nigh safe from attack. The fortifications at Fort Washington and Sheridan Point are sufficiently advanced to be able to repel an ordinary fleet of invaders, and in case of necessity they could be vastly strengthened in a short time.

New Bedford Strikers are Starving.

New Bedford, Mass., Feb. 25.—An appeal was issued Thursday by the council of cotton mill strikers in this city, and upon the nature of the response, it is said, will depend whether or not the mill hands will return to work under the recent reduction of wages. The appeal is addressed to the "men and women of New England," and asks for financial assistance to maintain the strike. It sets forth that about 400 families, comprising 2,000 men, women and children, are slowly starving to death and unless aid is forthcoming within a short time the strike will have to be abandoned.

WAR SEEMS NEAR AT HAND.

President McKinley Says the Situation is Critical—Troops in Readiness at the Various Forts.

Chicago, Feb. 25.—The Tribune has the following from Washington:

"I do not propose to do anything at all to precipitate war with Spain. Up to the present I do not think war is either necessary or inevitable. I would be lax in my duty, however, if I did not prepare for the future. The situation is grave, and the policy of the administration will be determined almost entirely by the course of events from time to time. There is no necessity of alarming the people, but congress must be ready to assist the administration without making too many inquiries as to the course of current events."

To a senator who called upon him in order to ask some questions as to the policy of the administration, President McKinley uttered the above words. There is now no doubt of the fact that the government of the United States is actually preparing for war with Spain.

The president and his cabinet unite in the belief still, in spite of all evidence to the contrary, that the explosion of the Maine was the result of an accident, but they recognize the fact that the contrary may prove true at almost any hour, and that if it is shown even inferentially that Spain had a hand in the catastrophe there will be but one thing to do, and that will be to seize Cuba by force of arms.

St. Louis, Feb. 25.—Gen. W. H. Powell, of Belleville, Ill., who was in command of the regiment in which President McKinley served during the civil war, and who was recently appointed collector of internal revenue for the southern Illinois district, has returned from Washington. The general, who is a personal friend of President McKinley, said that while at the capital he discussed the Maine disaster and its possible results with the president. "He stated to me," said the general, "that he was only waiting for a complete report of the naval board of inquiry, and that should it report that our sailors had met their death through Spanish treachery, he was prepared to act at once, and in a manner which would meet the approval of every loyal American citizen."

Atlanta, Gu., Feb. 25.—Activity has never been so great at Fort McPherson as at the present time. This is attributable to Gen. Merritt's arrival. Everything is in readiness to move the regiment to any point that may be designated within a few hours. At a consultation yesterday between Col. Cook, commandant of the fort, and railroad officials Col. Cook was assured that the men could be transported to Florida within a night. It is said Col. Cook told the railroad men to have cars in the yards for use at any hour.

Cincinnati, Feb. 25.—Under instructions from Washington, Col. Cochran, commandant at Fort Thomas, Ky., has issued orders bringing the men's rifle range at Culbertson, Ky., back to the fort. New bayonets that can also be used for trenching tools were issued yesterday to all the troops. The men are daily undergoing fatigue drill and expect to go to Key West, instead of Charleston, S. C., as reported.

The First regiment of the Ohio national guard, located here, is filling up with recruits. Several unauthorized recruiting stations for volunteers have been opened in this city and their enrollment would more than fill a regiment.

Woolen Dealers Caught by Indorsements.

New York, Feb. 25.—The announcement that the old woolen commission house of Sawyer, Manning & Co., of this city and Boston, is in financial difficulties, has caused great surprise. Sawyer, Manning & Co. were involved in the failure of three of the mills for which they were selling agents, the Burlington Wool Co., the Winooski Worsted Co., of Winooski, Vt., and the Colchester mills, of Colchester, Vt. They are indorsers, it is stated, on mill paper for about $1,000,000. Receivers for these mills have been appointed in Boston.

Says War is Sagasta's Only Hope.

St. Louis, Feb. 25.—Lupercio Martinez, a Cuban residing in St. Louis and reputed to be in close touch with the junta and the leaders of the cause for independence, says that the Cubans are not in favor of a war between the United States and Spain. "We can win our own independence now and need no intervention. Spain realizes it, and the Sagasta party is anxious for war in its own interest and as the only means left by which it can perpetuate itself in view of the impending crisis in Cuba."

At Rest in Rosehill.

Evanston, Ill., Feb. 25.—The last rites over the body of Frances Willard, president of the W. C. T. U., were performed here Thursday. The city was in mourning, schools and business houses being closed and flags at half-mast. Private services were first held at Miss Willard's home, after which the remains were taken to the First Methodist church, where the final services were held. Then the casket was taken to Rosehill cemetery.

War is Imminent.

Colon, Colombia, Feb. 25.—Advices from Port Limon announce that war is imminent between Costa Rica and Nicaragua. This grows out of the fact that Costa Rica allowed Nicaraguan rebels to cross the frontier. The Nicaraguan government has since driven them back into Costa Rica.

Receiver for a Bank.

Baltimore, Feb. 25. — Judge Sharp yesterday appointed a receiver for the Bank of South Baltimore. The assets are estimated at $120,000; liabilities $170,000. There is a cash shortage of $4,700 and a deficit of $9,762 produced by shrinkage of values. The larger portion of the deposits, amounting to $130,000, are by poor persons.

Alleged Bank Robber Arrested.

Omaha, Neb., Feb. 25.—C. W. Martin, alias Charles Davis, was arrested here Thursday, charged with aiding in the robbery of a bank at Sheridan, Mo. He had a large sum of money on his person.

Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

For Governor, 1898,
CHARLES W. STONE, of Warren.
[Subject to the decision of the Republican State Convention.]

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Representative North, of McKean county, is getting ready to take Congressman Chas. W. Stone's place in Washington, when Mr. Stone has been elected Governor.

***

The Hon. Thomas V. Cooper having denied that he sent any despatch to Senator Quay such as has been printed in the newspapers, should now hunt out the fabricrtor of the message and hold him to scorn. If he will do that he will deserve to be Governor.

***

Gold continues to pour into the Treasury of the United States. The amount now on hand reaches in round numbers $170,000,000, with the prospect of a steady increase, while the gold in circulation has increased with even greater rapidity during the past year.

***

February receipts at the Treasury Department have averaged over a million dollars a day under the new revenue law, thus fulfilling the pledges made by its framers of producing sufficient money to meet the running expenses of the Government, which average only a million dollars a day, taking one month with another, the year around.

***

Chairman Jones and his political associates who still call themselves Democrats seem to have absolutely forgotten the chief feature of Democratic faith, the "tariff for revenue only." In their recent communications to the public their views as to the subjects for discussion in the coming campaign, they made no allusion whatever to the tariff, the one subject which has been the battle-cry of the Democrats for generations.

***

One per cent. a week is a pretty rapid fluctuation for a money metal. That is about the rate, however, at which silver has depreciated in the last eight weeks or so. Silver bullion was quoted in the New York markets early in December at 60.3 cents per ounce, and and by February 1 it had fallen to 55.75 cents, with a prospect of going still lower. The New York World market report quotes it as follows: "Weak at 55.75." This must be rather discouraging to the people who propose to make the use of silver as a money metal the sole basis of their claim for support in the coming Congressional campaign.

***

The answer of Senator Kauffman has taken all the wind out of the resolution of the Lancaster County Committee requiring candidates to pledge themselves to abide by the result of the Republican State Convention. Senator Kauffman declares that he cheerfully subscribes to the resolution. It was ridiculous to have supposed that he would do anything else. He is a candidate seeking the Republican nomination for Senator in the district which he has so well represented for four years, and he has not been taught in that school of political morals which would enable him to do what one faction of the party in this city has been accustomed to. The Lancaster Republicans will, of course, enter a protest against any of the Philadelphia bolters sitting in the State convention.—Philadelphia Press. Senator Kauffman, or any other Republican, who enters a convention as a candidate for a nomination, is honorably bound to support the ticket nominated at that convention.

Another large cotton mill in New England has, through the action of its board of directors, taken steps looking to a transfer of its works to the South, where the conditions are more favorable in the matter of fuel, wages, proximity to cotton fields, power, taxes and labor. The advantages which the South presents in these particulars and which are now recognized as the real cause of the reduction in wages in the New England mills are such that the cotton mills of that section, which numbered 180 in 1880, have now increased to 590; the number of looms, which in 1880 was 14,000, has increased to 115,000; the number of spindles, which in 1880 was 667,000, has increased to 4,100,000, and the capital employed from $21,000,000 to $125,000,000. These facts answer completely the gibes of the low-tariff men regarding the necessity for reduction of wages in the New England Mills since the adoption of the new tariff law.

FLORIDA.

Last Tour of The Season via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The last of the popular Pennsylvania Railroad personally-conducted tours to Jacksonville will leave New York and Philadelphia by special train of Pullman palace cars on Tuesday, March 8.

Round-trip tickets, valid to return on regular trains until May, 31, 1898, and including railway transportation in each direction, and Pullman accommodations (one berth) and meals on special train *going*, will be sold at the following rates: New York, $50.00; Philadelphia, $48.00; Canandaigua $52-85; Erie, $54.85; Wilkesbarre, $50.35: Pittsburg, $53.00; and at proportionate rates from other points.

For tickets, itineraries, and full information apply to ticket agents; Tourist Agent, 1196 Broadway, New York; Thomas Purdy, Passenger Agent Long Branch District, 789 Broad St., Newark, N. J.; Thos. E. Watt, Passenger Agent Western District, Pittsburg, Pa.; or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 917-1t.

Rich Valley Notes.

Editor Press:—

Mrs. A. O. Swartwood is having some improvements made in her houses.

Mrs. Wm. Carter spent a few days in Olean visiting her son a couple of weeks ago.

Mrs. Burt Housler of Emporium visited at Mr. Goff's week before last.

Claudie Swartwood is taking lessons in crayon painting and is learning rapidly.

Mrs. Libbie Housler of Emporium has been in the Valley for some time visiting her many friends.

Eld. I. N. Williams, of Corydon, the president of the Pennsylvania conference of Seventh Day Adventists preached in the Sweesey school house last Wednesday and Thursday evenings. Wednesday evening he preached from Luke, 19, 10. "For the son of man is come to seek and to save that which was lost." He showed from the bible that when man was created he was pronounced by his Creator "very good," that he also had dominion over all the earth, but through disobedience he lost his holy character, his dominion and his life. Christ was to restore all that was lost and what he has undertaken to do he will surely accomplish and the earth will be restored to its Eden beauty.

Thursday evening he preached on the signs of the times and proved conclusively both by the scriptures and by what is transpiring all around us, that we are living in the last days. People are crying "peace and safety," bet they are preparing for war. They are heaping up treasures and the poor are getting poorer, which is also a sign of the last days. See James 5, 1-8.

Oh! let us see to it that we are prepared so that when He comes we can say: "So this is our Lord; we have waited for him, we will be glad and rejoice in his salvation. Isa. 25; 9.

Sam Lewis and Dee Housler expect to finish their job of cutting wood for the oil drillers to-day, (Monday). They are not sorry as it has been very tedious to walk so far and work so hard this cold weather. ADINA.

Feb. 28, 1898.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents a box. For sale by L. Taggart.
v31-n40-1y

Fulton & Pearsall.

These up-to-date painters have consolidated their business and may be found at their shop in Parsons' Bazaar. Both are practical painters and will give prompt attention to all work entrusted to them. Estimates furnished for all kinds of house, sign and decorative painting as well as wall papering and frescoing. Especial attention given to out of town orders. 47tf.

Huston Hill.

Editor Press:—

Good sleighing.

A. H. has began his new barn.

Lost, strayed or stolen—the schoolmam's broom.

Miss Daisy Barr was the guest of Miss Lelo Williams, last Monday night.

It is rnmored that there is to be a wedding on the Hill soon.

Prof. Hanscome sold his trotting horse, last week He is a 2¼ minute horse. Mr. Handscome realized the sum of $1,850.

C. L. Williams visited with his family over Sunday.

Harry Ford was the guest of Orla Miller last Friday night.

Harvy Hicks has began to clear a farm. He expects to grows five hundred bushels of buckwheat the coming season.

Violet Jordon was the guest of Madge Miller, last Friday night.

A young lad had two girls, last Wednesday night, but he didn't dare to go in sight of the house. Dont know what is the reason; it must have been the ——

Kid Connors, S. D. Billings' book keeper, was home over Sunday.

Newton Mix, R. L. Dill's boss, went home last Sunday.

John Williams made a flying trip to Grant last Sunday.

Jessee Hicks was the guest of John W. last Wednesday night.

Mrs. Fitch was the guest of Mrs. Josepine Barr last week.

Connors & Co., report that they will finish in the near future.

It is a good thing that we did not get the poor house. If they had, the cheapest way to build it would be to run a barbed wire fence around the county and feed all of us.

BALL BABY.

Mason Hill Letter.

J. M. English is slowly improving.

What has become of our Wasleyan minister? Echo answer.

"Rip" and "Tom" seems to have it "in" for Mose Carpenter.

There were razors in the air, in the middle ward on Thursday night.

W.U. Barr, the Mix Run lumberman, visited friends at this place Sunday.

Two Saints of the latter day denomination were here over Sunday.

O. B. Tanner and little daughter Vera are visiting friends at Lock Haven.

School will be closed for a few weeks on account of the new epidemic that is raging in this vicinity.

Huntley says a good name is to be chosen rather than great riches.

Court called a goodly number of our citizens to the county seat on Monday.

"Doc" Squirrel, of Millers Run had a professional call to this place on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Bailey, of Huston Hall were guests of J. M. English on Thursday.

A sleigh riding party known as the "society people" were out on Friday night.

Judging from the number of weddings that have taken place within the past two months confidence has been restored and prosperity arrived.

"War with Spain" now the subject of conversation where men do congregate. J. W. Lane and A. S. Bailey has given up the Oklahoma idea and will raise a company.

Some of the great newspapers had better send a correspondent to this place as well as to Cuba. Things were as critical here one night last week as it was on the island.

William J. Miller and Miss Lizzie Ives were married at the residence of the grooms sister Mrs. C. W. Williams on Sunday, Feb. 27th, at eleven o'clock sharp by 'squire Ed. Whiting, of Sterling Run. After the ceremony the happy guests were inviied to a sumptuous repast of which all partook with an evident relish. At the wee small hours on Monday morning the calithumpion band of Millers Run arrived and with the assistance of the band at this place the air was made resonant with broncophony music. The happy couple left on mail west, Monday morning for a wedding tour to Buffalo and the great Niagara.

Friend "Con" said in last week's PRESS he didn't believe in the much resorted to "mud slinging," if not why did he so indulge? He criticised as well as the rest of us, and yet we think we are the peer of the critic. He also says Bordeau mixture would have saved the fruit. I think it would have taken more than his "mixture" to save the fruit after the three successive frosts in the middle of June, and as for the early planting of potatoes we all know there is as many failures as there are in late planting. DING.

Feb. 28, 1898.

North Creek Budget.

Sleighing is about gone unless we get more snow.

F. A. Lewis is nearly done with his log job.

J. N. Chandler is home from Gardeau where he has been at work this winter.

E. W. Taylor is at home again and had a regular house warming last Friday night,

D. N. Chandler who is teaching the Elk Lick school is attending court this week, as a juror. School is going on finely under the supervision of Miss Mary Moon.

Miss Alice Lewis, teacher of West Creek school was at home over Sunday.

We are to have a warm sugar party in the near future. Hope to have good success.

Mrs. Elihu Housler who has been ailing for some time continues about the same. COME AGAIN.

It is, or should be, the highest aim of every merchant to please his customers; and that the wide-awake firm of Meyers & Eshleman, Sterling, Ill., is doing so, is proven by the following, from Mr. Eshleman: "In my sixteen years' experience in the drug business I have never seen or sold or tried a medicine that gave as good satisfaction as Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Sold by L. Taggart. mch.

GEO. J. LA BAR

IS OFFERING

Special o-o Bargains

o-o IN

PARLOR SUITES, EASY CHAIRS, SIDEBOARDS, LOUNGES, EASELS.
BED-ROOM SUITES, WINDOW CURTAINS, HAT RACKS, DESKS, Etc.. Etc.

LUXURY

it is to recline at ease on one of our superb couches. Slumber comes unsought under such delightful conditions. Pieces of furniture like these are as pleasant to look on as they are to lie on and this fact makes them an irresistable temptation to repose. Our entire stock is packed full of temptations for that matter, temptations in parlor and bedroom suits and in every kind of furniture, and unprecedented temptations in prices. Some people are always quoting from somebody, but our favorite quotations are figures like these: Couches, $5, $6, $8, and $10.

Best Furniture.

We have the largest line ever exhibited in Cameron county.

Geo. J. LaBar.

R. SEGER & SON

FASHIONABLE CLOTHIERS,

We take great pleasure this week in announcing to the people of Cameron county, that we have just received the most beautiful and complete line of

SPRING GOODS,

Ever placed in Emporium. We have spared no expense in buying the BEST CLASS of goods on the market.

We desire to call the attention of the public to our Show Windows and examine all the latest novelties of spring.

OUR FEDORA HATS,

In all shapes and colors are a thing of beauty and something shich all, both young and old should wear this spring.

OUR SATIN LINED SUITS

For Easter are among the choice offerings we are now displaying. These are of the highest grade of ready-made clothing and best workmanship

OUR NECK WEAR,

Comprises all the latest novelties in Plaids, Stripes and Polkadots and is the most up-to-date line we have ever handled. In a word throughout our entire department we have nothing but the best to offer and will take great pleasure in showing our goods if you will but call.

R. SEGER & SON,
One door east of Bank.

Special Two Weeks Clearing Out Sale.

Men's Clothing,
Boys' Clothing,
Children's Clothing,
Men's Furnishings,
Hats, Caps Shoes.
Everything in the store regardless of cost.
Sale lasts positively only two weeks.

Here are a Few of the Many Bargains.

Men's Black Clay Worsted suits, former price $14, now - - - $10
Men's Overcoats formerly $8.50, now - $5.00
Men's suits, former price $8.00, now - $4.50
Children's suits from $1.00 up.
Boys' knee pants form 19c upwards.
Men's Cotton half hose 6 pairs for 25c.
Men's Suspenders 10 cents.

John Soble,

Opposite Post-office, Emporium, Pa.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.

The American Block.
BUFFALO, N. Y.

About Our Book and Stationery Department.

We solicit mail orders for books and stationery. We will gladly quote you our prices at any time for any book or books published, and we can always supply you with the best writing paper and stationery at very low prices. We do card engraving in the best form for much less than usual prices.

SOME BOOK PRICES.

Quo Vadis, the authorized and unabridged edition, cloth binding, illustrated 50c., postage 12c.
The same in paper covers 18c., postage 7c.
The Prince of the House of David, new edition, cloth, illustrated, 19c, postage 6c.
The Prince of the House of David, new edition, cloth, illustrated, 19c. postage 6c.
The Beth Book, by Sarah Grand, published at $1.50, our price $1.10c, postage 12c.
The Story of an untold Love, by Paul Leicester Ford, published at $1.25, our price 95c., postage 9c.
Corleone, by F. Marion Crawford, 2 vols., $1.40, postage 17c.
The Seats of the Mighty, by Gilbert Parker, $1.20, postage, 11c.
The Choir Invisible, by James Lane Allen, published at $1.50, our price, $1.15 postage 8c.
The Chautauqua Books, for course 1898, 5 vols., $1.50 the set, expressage 25c.
Pelonbet's Notes on the International Sunday School Lessons for 1898, 85c, postage 12c.
Subscriptions for all magazines and periodicals are received at publishers' rates.

Stationery.

Our "Swan Vellum," and "Swan Satin" are high-class writing papers, made in four sizes—"Joseph" and "Billet" sizes, 40c box of 5 quires. Envelopes to correspond, 40c box of 125.
"Octavo" size, 50c. a box; envelopes 50c.
Our "Swan Everwyn" and "Swan Feather" are smooth and rough linen papers made only in octavo and commercial sizes, ruled and plane, 30c and 35c the 5 quire packets, envelopes 7c and 8c packet.
"Swan Seconds" in octavo and commercial sizes, ruled and plain, 18c pound packet, envelopes 5c and 6c a packet.
Papeteries of new square shaped paper and envelopes in fashionable tints, azure, heliotrope, cream and mazarin 15c box, worth 20c, postage 8c.
The same in larger size 20c. worth 30c, postage 10c.
Papeteries of initial paper with envelopes, all initials, new and beautiful, all colors 40c box, worth 50c.
The same illuminated in gold and colors, square paper 55c box, worth 75c.

Card Engraving.

Plate and 50 cards for $1.25, postage 6c. Engraving address line 30c extra.
50 cards from your own plate 55c, postage 6c.
100 cards from your own plate 95c, pvstage 11c.
Specimens of engraving and sizes of cards forwarded on application.
Monograms and address dies sunk from $1.50 upwards. Stamping in any color 50c for 120 sheets, or 90c in gold and silver.

ADAM, MELDRUM & ANDERSON CO.,
The American Block.

C. B. HOWARD & CO. | C. B. HOWARD & CO.

A Perfect Fitting Corset

It is a genuine pleasure to us to call your attention to the fact that we have just added to our Corset Department the celebrated 404 F. P. Corset. For wear, fit and durability this corset has no equal, and it imparts to the wearer the most graceful figure.

404 F. P.

It would please us very much to have you call at our store and take a pair home with you and after two weeks trial if it is not the most satisfactory corset you have ever worn, we will gladly refund to you your purchase money. Price is but $1.00 per pair.

LACES.

Our Laces for Spring and Summer Dresses have arrived. All the new and latest up-to-date styles are here for your picking. Elegant values for little money.

HOSIERY.

There is no store showing better values in Hosiery than here, all new and fast colors.

C. B. HOWARD & CO. | C. B. HOWARD & CO.

Old Reliable Drug Store.

Owing to the very liberal patronage I have had from our people and in view of the hard times I will until MAY 1st, reduce the price of Physicians Prescriptions as follows, viz:

All 1 oz. mixtures, regular price, 20 to 15
All 2 oz. mixtures, regular price, 25 to 19
All 3 oz. mixtures, regular price, 35 to 25
All 4 oz. mixtures, regular price, 45 to 30
All 6 oz. mixtures, regular price, 65 to 50
All 8 oz. mixtures, regular price, 85 to 65

And a corresponding reduction on all packages of Powders, Pills, Ointments Also liberal discount on all Patent Medicines, Baby Foods, Perfumes, Toilet and Fancy Articles and extra liberal discount on Fountain Syringes, Hot Water Bottles, Atomizers and Nursing Bottles.

I will guarantee my goods to be strictly fresh and equal to any goods in the market.

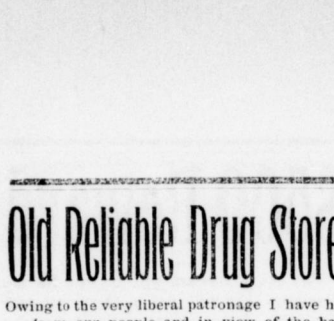
Thirty years experience in the town of Emporium is sufficient evidence of competency. If you wish to avail yourself of the liberal offer, leave your Physician's Prescriptions and drug trade in general at the OLD RELIABLE DRUG STORE.

L. TAGGART.

H. S. LLOYD.

General Supply Depot for

BOOKS, STATIONERY, WALL PAPER.
FISHING TACKLE AND POPULAR BICYCLES.



SHE IS READING

and finds the magazine extremely interesting. We have all the most interesting and popular magazines and other periodicals on our list, from which people of all tastes and vocations can select what suites them best. In such a wide and varied collection there's something for all. You must read the magazines to be up to date. They come next to the newspaper in value and importance, and the variety and interest of their contents are simply amazing. As supplementary to the newspaper, the magazine is invaluable, giving thorough consideration to all leading questions and events.

H. S. LLOYD,

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,

EMPORIUM, PA.

BEAUTY SKIN DEEP.

Every woman is beautiful or not, according to the manner in which she cares for her purchases of toilet articles. We help the beauty of the ladies by providing the best beauty requisites. We make the woman beautiful by providing beauty-giving, healthful things which do the skin good and fire pleasing and desirable.

THE FAIR!

Ladies Winter Wrappers and Shirt Waists.

There is no end of pleasant surprises in our new stock. Anyone and everyone can find what will please them immensely and satisfy them completely in the splendid aggregation of novelties.

The patterns are exceedingly handsome and all new, the workmanship as good as can be desired and the prices,—well, you can't approach them elsewhere.

H. A. ZARPS & CO.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Feb. 23, 1898.

NEMOPHILA, per sack,	$1 50
Graham, "	75
Rye "	60
Buckwheat, "	50
Patent Meal, "	40
Coarse Meal, per 100,	90
Chop Feed, "	90
Middlings, "	90
Bran, "	90
Corn, per bushel,	50
White Oats, per bushel,	40

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

The Loss of the Battleship Maine, at Havana.

Far away from their homes, in a Cuban grave,
Our heroes are silently sleeping;
While round the old homestead are many beloved,
Who are silently, bitterly weeping.

Mid the roar of the battle did the heroes go down?
Nay! Peace was the banner unfurled;
Till a thundering roar, a flash in the gloom,
And the Maine to the bottom was hurled.

The ship lay at anchor, her crew was at rest,
Save the "watch," 'neath the tropical sky?
No token of danger to herald their doom—
Not a word, not a tear, not a sigh.

Like a bolt from Inferno hurled but too well,
Satanic destruction it wrought;
The glance of an eye, the draught of a breath,
Like a flash of the lightning thought.

Was it an accident caused from within,
Or some dastard without, laid the train
That took from Columbia, the gallant, the brave,
And sent to the bottom our Maine?

She was riven apart by the demon of death,
Man's noblest achievement in steel;
We shrink to condemn, or say 'twas a foe,
While the hand of his friendship we feel.

If the blow has been struck by a traitorous hand,
God have mercy, is all I implore;
Fair Cuba shall stride in the ranks of the free
And peace grace her evergreen shore.

Mid the pomp of the tyrant we laid them at rest,
Knowing well that their spirits were free;
Their warfare is o'er, they have answered roll call,
Been discharged by death's liberty.

Mourn for the brave, Columbia's brave sons,
Who died in the mystery of night;
The noble, the free, the gallant, the bold,
The champions of justice and right.

Let the truth be all told, let justice be done,
If a traitor has worked us this pain;
"To arms!" be the call, sweep the tyrants down,
May our loss be the patriots' gain.

JAMES CASSELS.

Cameron, Pa., Feb. 18th, 1898.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, letter, or personally.

W. O. Mankey returned home last Sunday.

Morgan Evans is threatened with typhoid fever.

Miss Mame Logan is visiting friends in Williamsport.

Geo. Taggart has returned home from Philadelphia.

Geo. Crawford, of Sizerville, was in town Wednesday.

T. H. Norris, of Sterling Run, was in town on Monday.

Joseph Housler, of Lock Haven, was in town last Saturday.

Mr. Thos. Trotter visited Mr. Rhodes at Cameron last Saturday.

Troxell Fulton, of Sterling Run, was attending court this week.

Mifs Jennie Dougherty returned Wednesday from a visit to Austin.

Judge Bonham is out again, almost recovered from his painful illness.

Mr. W. S. Walker's little daughter has been seriously ill the past week.

Mrs. Stella E. Hamilton is visiting her father, S. E. Huff, at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Rendt returned last Friday from Greenwood, N. Y.

Ray Dininny came down from Kane to spend a few days with his mother.

Hon. L. Taggart, who has been very sick for a couple of weeks, is improving.

Attorneys Jones and Wimmer, of St. Marys attended court here this week.

V. A. Brooks, H. H. Swank and son, of Sinnemahoning, were in town this week.

E. H. Gregory and family have moved into Jno. Coyle's Fourth street house.

Sam Cameron came down from Kane on Thursday last, to visit friends for a few days.

Wm. Lytle and Mrs. Bell Letterman, of Lamont, Pa., were attending court here this week.

Postmaster Lewis, of Sterling Run, attended court on Monday. He called to see the PRESS.

S. W. Nyce, of Dents Run, was in Emporium on Tuesday and paid his respects to the PRESS.

John McMillen, of Bennett's Branch, attended court on Monday and shook hands with friends.

A. H. Jones, of Shippen, was in town on Tuesday and called to renew his PRESS for another year.

Mr. Neal McInnes and bride, of Pittsburg, are guests of A. McInnes and family, at this place.

Miss Alice Wright, of Renovo, came up on Friday and visited T. F. More and wife over Sunday.

E. C. Davison, W. N. Y. & P. freight and ticket agent was a caller at the PRESS sanctum on Monday.

Mrs. Dr. Wilson, of St. Marys, attended the funeral of Miss Hattie Erhard, at this place, on Tuesday.

Mrs. P. J. Bloom was called to Erie on Thursday last, on account of the illness of her niece, Hattie Erhard.

Miss Evoline Ayers, of Fillmore, N. Y., is visiting in town, guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Ayers, on Fifth street.

Gregg Bailey, of the Driftwood *Gazette*, accommpanied by Mr. Brooks, are attending court this week.

Geo. Van Lew, G. English, Wm. Hamilton, A. J. Mix, of Driftwood, were in attendance at court this week.

Misses Gertrude and Ada Bartron and Mr. Orla Bartron, of Austin, visited Emporium friends, on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hackenberg, of Austin, visited Judge Bonham and family, last Friday. They had visited Erie.

We regret to learn of the serious illness of Mr. Jos. Rhodes, of Cameron, although at this writing he is much better.

Chas. Rishell steps high, wide and lively on account of the arrival of a bouncing boy at his house Sunday morning.

Miss Cora Taylor was called to Buffalo last Monday by a telegram announcing the serious illness of Mrs. Wm. W. Taylor, of that place.

Mrs. H. H. Webber and children, of Middletown, were called here to attend the funeral of their niece and cousin, Miss Hattie Erhard.

P. H. Fitspatrick, of Williamsport, has been calling on old friends in Emporium this week. We were pleased to receive a call from him on Tuesday.

Miss Drusi Evers, who lives with Mr. Strayer's family at this pisce, was severely burned last Saturday evening, her clothes catching fire from the stove.

Wm. Hackenberg and wife, of Austin, attended the funeral of their grand-child, at this place, on Tuesday. Mr. H. visited his daughter and sick child at Erie last Friday.

Mrs. G. J. LaBar was called to Shickshinny this morning by a telegram announcing the sad intelligence of the death of her brother, James Kester, a former resident of this place.

Miss Edith Olmsted, of Coudersport, daughter of our former townsman H. Clinton Olmsted, has been visiting in town the past week, guest of H. C. Olmsted and family.

J. Murray Africa, a prominent civil engineer, of Huntingdon, was present at court to give expert testimony in the case of Calfernia Phoenix vs Emporium & Rich Valley R. R.

S. D. McCoole, of Driftwood, was in Emporium on Monday, shaking hands and cracking jokes with his many friends. We surmise Sam has a bee in his bonnet, buzzing: "Associate Judge."

The following well-known attorneys from out of town are in attendance at court this week: Gen. Jesse Merrill, Lock Haven; L. H. Beers, Huntingdon; Ernest J. Wimmer, E. J. Jones, St. Marys; W. L. Calkins, Kane.

Jno. A. Wykoff, of Grove, was attending court on Monday and Tuesday and while in town paid the PRESS a business and social call. Mr. Wykoff informs us that at the the proper time he will announce his name as a candidate for Associate Judge.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Schriever returned last Saturday from Bellefonte, where J. B. attended the State Photographers Convention. Besides capturing the gold medal prize in class "B," he was elected Vice President of the State Association.

Henry G. Seger, of Chicago, passed Sunday and Monday in Emporium, guest of his father and mother, N. Seger and wife. Henry has the contract to collect all mail in Chicago and has one hundred and twenty-five mai wagons and drivers in his employ.

The following persons from Sterling Run were in attendance at court this week: J. H. Darrin, Geo. Moore and wife, Gordon Howlet and wife, John Gentry, Jos. Kissel, William Gentry, Ed. Brooks, Ed. Berry, Wilson Berry, James Moore, Harry Wylie, Joseph Mason, Al. Smith, Eugene Devling.

J. W. Kreitner, of Shippen, was in town on Tuesday, attending the meeting of the Creamery Association. He also called at the PRESS office. Mr. Kreitner and G. S. Wiley delivered the first milk to the creamery, the test being in favor of Kreitner—Kreitner five degrees and Wiley four. Good average for the first test.

Godfrey Howard, of Williamsport, formerly a resident of Emporium, occupies his spare time in a foundry and machine shop and takes great interest in his work. He has recently made, with his own hands, a neat iron shoe and sent it to his grandmother, Mrs. M. A. Rockwell, at this place, who highly prizes the gift.

On Monday evening, Feb. 28th, the young business men of Emporium held a meeting for the purpose of forming an organization to be known as the Emporium Young Men's Business Association. Its object is to promote and encourage capital to be invested here, and to exert all in their power to build various industries and promote the interests of the people of Emporium. Remarks were made by several of our business men in regard to the great benefits and advantages to be derived from such an organization and how necessary it was that our business people should form such an organization. The following officers were then nominated and elected: President, John J. Hinkle; Secretary, W. T. Seger. A committee was then appointed by the Chairman to draw up a constitution and by-laws, which the organization was to be guided by. The gentlemen composing this committee are Geo Metzger, Jr., Chairman; C. W. Shaffer, John Day, Frank Judd, Grant S. Wiley. These gentlemen were requested to make their report on March 11th. Various industries were then discussed and it was decided that steps should be taken immediately after the committee makes its report. A motion to adjourn was then made and next meeting will be called Friday evening, March 11th, when some decisive steps will be taken.

W. T. SEGER, Sec.

PATRIOTIC RESOLUTIONS.

Headquarters W. C., No. 382, P. O. S. of A.. Emporium, Pa., Feb. 28th, 1898.

WHEREAS, The President of the United States has been insulted by Minister De Lome, of Spain and at various times Old Glory has also been insulted and defied.

Resolved, We, the members of W. C., No. 382, P. O. S. of A., tender the services of the Camp to President McKinley in defense of Old Glory and our Nation's honor. The above was unanimously adopted.

Emmanuel Church.

Confirmation service on Saturday evening, March 5th, at 7:00 o'clock. Holy Communion, Sunday morning at 7:30. Also the usual monthly celebration at 11:00 o'clock. The offerings on Saturday evening and Sunday morning (first celebration) will be for the Bishop's Charity Fund.

J. M. ROBERTSON, Rector.

Notice the immense bargains in clothing at N. Seger's. All winter goods going at a sacrifice to make room for the finest line of spring and summer goods that ever came into Emporium.

For Sale.

I offer for sale at a bargain, one team of dark bay work horses, six years old. Also several driving horses. Will exchange horses for new milch cows.

51-3t. CHAS. FRY.

Opera House for Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale at reasonable terms, the Emporium Opera House, a good solid square timber, substantially built building, size 50x130, seating capacity of 1000; good stage fully equipped for traveling companies. Apply to

J. W. CLARKE, Manager.
Emporium, Pa. 39-15tf.

Sterling Run Letter.

Benj. Dayton, Orlow Smith, J. H. Darrin, E. Lord, W. E. Devling, Wm. Stevens and Jos Kissell are attending court as jurors this week.

Nearly all of our citizens are attending court this week, either as witnesses or jurors.

The new mail service went into effect on the 28th giving us one more mail a day.

Miss Della Derr is visiting her sister, Mrs. Carrie Smith, for a short time.

Judge Smith is slowly improving, but not able to be around yet.

Rev. M. C. Piper will preach his farewell sermon, March 13th, before going to conference.

Rev. S. Ebersole has been suffering with a severe attack of pneumonia but is some better at present writing.

The Ladies Aid festival on Friday evening netted them about $33. Notwithstanding the hard times.

A. W Mason has sold his lumber on the bank to Williams & Forsman, of Williamsport. He will only cut it in logs and run them to Driftwood.

'Squire Whiting was called to Chas. Williams' on Mason Hill, Sunday, where he united Wm. Miller and Miss Lizzie Ives for better or for worse. We wish you good luck, Will.

The Surprise of All.

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into hasty consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all began to get better from first dose, and half dozen bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at L. Taggart's.

Allegheny county farmers will this year make potatoes one of their principal crops.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterous substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken in their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25 cents per box. Sold by L. Taggart.

It is odd that LaChampagne should have become helpless on water

I desire to attest to the the merits of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as one of the most valuable and efficient preparations on the market. It broke an exceedingly dangerous cough for me in 24 hours, and in gratitude therefor, I desire to inform you that I never will be without it, and you should feel proud of the high esteem in which your Remedies are held by the people in general. It is the one remedy in ten thousand. Success to it. O. R. Downey, Editor Democrat, Albion, Ind. For sale by L. Taggart. mch.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE That the late co-partnership of McInnes & Bliss is this day dissolved by mutual consent, and in the future the said business will be conducted by "The McInnes Steel Works" to whom all demands and accounts of the late firm shall be paid.

McINNES & BLISS.

Emporium, Pa., Feb. 19, 1898.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between S. E. Murry, F. P. Rentz, and F. P. Strayer, under the firm name of Murry, Rentz & Strayer, doing plumbing business, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be conducted by S. E. Murry, who will pay all debts of said firm and receive all monies due.

S. E. MURRY,
F. P. RENTZ.
F. P. STRAYER,

Emporium, Pa., Jan. 24th, 1898.—51-3t

CHARTER NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on Thursday, March 24th 1898, by Herbert Day, R. P. Heilman, F. X. Blumle, Gillis Bliss, Grant S. Wiley, D. Burlingame, C. C. Fay and others under the Act of Assembly, entitled "An act to provide for the incoporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29th, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called Emporium Creamery Company, the character and object of which is for the purpose of manufacturing butter, ice cream, cheese and all goods or commodities manufactured from cream or milk, and the transacting of all business connected with a creamery, and for these purposes to have, possess, and enjoy all the rights, benefits, and privileges of said act of Assembly and supplements thereto.

J. C. JOHNSON,
B. W. GREEN,
Solicitors.

NO. 3255.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
—OF THE—
First National Bank

at Emporium, in the State of Pennsylvania at the close of business, February 18th, 1898.

Resources.

Loans and discounts		$143,821 53
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		1,803 67
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		12,500 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds		1,000 00
Stocks, Securities, etc.,		1,850 71
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures.		6,200 00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)		391 44
Due from State Banks and Bankers		104 30
Due from approved reserve agents		37,753 88
Notes of other National Banks		1,750 00
Fractional paper, currency, nickels and cents		85 42
Specie	$13,168 50	
Legal-tender notes	2,500 00	15,668 50
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		562 50
TOTAL		$223,491 95

Liabilities.

Capital stock paid in	$50,000 00
Surplus fund	34,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	2,079 10
National Bank Notes outstanding	10,950 00
Due to other National Banks	2,828 84
Individual deposits subject to check	123,372 31
Cashier's checks outstanding	261 70
TOTAL	$223,491 95

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } ss:
County of Cameron, }

I, M. P. Whiting, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

M. P. WHITING, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of February, 1898.

T. B. LLOYD, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
N. SEGER,
GEO. A. WALKER, } *Directors.*
B. W. GREEN,

HOUSE-KEEPERS ATTENTION!

This is the Brand,
The Miller planned
To be the finest in the land.

Now East and West,
His skill attest,
And Pillsbury's Best leads all the rest.

If the inscription on your sack of flour is like the above, you have the best flour in the world and ought to have the best bread. Better look and see, and if not, go at once to

DAY'S

and procure a sack of

World Famous, Pillsbury's Best.

There are others, but none so good.

J. H. DAY,

23 Fourth St.,
Emporium, Pa.

ROCKWELL'S
DRUG STORE,

Next door to Post-Office,
EMPORIUM, PA.

Drugs,
Toilet Articles,
Druggist Sundries,
Patent Medicines,
Prescriptions and
Stationery.

Prescription Department.

I have had twelve years experience in compounding physicians prescriptions and guarantee accuracy of work and absolutely purity of all drugs used.

M. A. ROCKWELL.

WANTED.

F. E. MATTESON & CO.,
Riverside, R. I.,

Wants all kinds of Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Raw Furs, Skins, Ginseng, Seneca, &c. Full prices guaranteed. Careful selection, courteous treatment, immediate remittance. Shipping Tags, Ropes, furnished free. Write for latest price circulars. Agents wanted. 42-3m.

BURPEE'S
Farm Annual for 1898

Leading American Seed Catalogue.

Brighter and better than ever before. Mailed FREE to any address.

W. ATLEE BURPEE & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WALL PAPER

Do you expect to do any papering? We will send you free a large selection of samples from 3c. per roll up, all new colorings and novelties up to date. WE PAY FREIGHT. We want an agent in every town to sell on commission from large sample books. No capital required. For samples or particulars, address

S. WOLF,
52-13t. 747-753 Ninth Ave., N. Y. City.

UP TO DATE
BOOK
COMMERCIAL PRINTING
AND JOB
AT THIS OFFICE.

Travelers Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD DIVISION.

In effect November 28, 1897.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM EASTWARD,

8 20 A. M.—Train 8 week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.23 P. M., New York 9.30 P. M., Baltimore 6.00 P. M., Washington 7.15 P. M. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

3 20 P. M.—Train 6 week days for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.30 A. M., New York 7.33 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 A. M.

8 57 P. M.—Train 4 Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 6.52 A. M., New York 9.33 A. M., weekdays, (10.38 A. M. Sunday;) Baltimore 6.20 A. M., Washington 7.40 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Washington. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Williamsport. Passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5:10 A. M.—Emporium Junction—Train 9 week days for Erie, Ridgway, DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations.

10 25 A. M.—Train 3 Daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

6 25 P. M. — Train 15, week days for Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR EMPORIUM FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 9 leaves New York 5:50 p. m., Philadelphia 8:50 p. m., Washington 7:20 p. m., Baltimore 8:40 p. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 5:10 a. m., week days, with Pullman Sleepers and passenger coaches, from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport.

Train 3 leaves New York 7.40 p. m., Philadelphia 11.20 p. m., Washington 10.40 p. m, Baltimore 11.50 p. m., daily, arriving at Emporium 10.25 a. m., with Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars from Philadelphia to Williamsport, and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie and Baltimore to Williamsport—on Sundays only Pullman Sleepers from Philadelphia to Erie.

Train 15 leaves Philadelphia 8.30 a. m., Washington 7.50 a.m., Baltimore 8.50 a. m., Wilkesbarre 10:15 A. M., week days, arriving at Emporium 6.25 P. M., with Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport, and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Kane.

RIDGWAY & CLEARFIELD RAILROAD and Connections.

(Week days.)

SOUTHWARD. A. M.		A. M.	Stations.	NORTHWARD P. M.		P. M.
8 50	....	4 00	Renovo	5 00	.....	10 20
9 43	....	4 41	Driftwood	4 03	.....	9 30
10 20	....	5 10	Emporium Junc	3 25	.....	9 00
11 02	....	5 52	St. Marys	2 40	.....	8 19
11 15	.....	.....	Kane	12 15	.....	9 05
11 36	.....	.....	Wilcox	11 51	.....	8 42
11 49	.....	.....	Johnsonburg	11 36	.....	8 27
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12 10	.....	6 20	Ridgway	8 50	.....	8 00
12 17	.....	6 27	Island Run	8 43	.....	7 52
12 22	.....	6 32	Carman Tr'nfer	8 38	.....	7 47
12 31	.....	6 41	Croyland	8 29	.....	7 38
12 35	.....	6 45	Shorts Mills	8 26	.....	7 33
12 39	.....	6 48	Blue Rock	8 22	.....	7 30
.....	.....	6 50	Vinyard Run	8 19	.....	.....
12 43	.....	6 53	Carrier	8 17	.....	7 26
12 53	.....	7 02	Brockwayville	8 08	.....	7 17
12 57	.....	7 06	Lanes Mills	8 02	.....	7 12
1 07	.....	7 14	Harveys Run	7 54	.....	7 04
1 15	.....	7 20	Falls Creek	7 50	.....	7 00
1 40	.....	7 35	DuBois	7 40	.....	6 40
1 20	.....	7 25	Falls Creek	7 00	.....	6 55
1 35	.....	7 40	Reynoldsville	6 45	.....	6 40
2 11	.....	8 16	Brookville	6 09	.....	6 04
3 05	.....	9 10	New Bethlehem	5 20	.....	5 10
3 50	.....	9 55	Red Bank	.....	.....	4 25
6 30	.....	12 40	Pittsburg	.....	.....	1 40
P. M.		P. M.		A. M.		P. M.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

WESTERN NEW YORK AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILWAY.

Time Table In Effect April 18, 1897.

Trains leave Emporium for Keating-Port Allegany, Coudersport, Smethport, Eldred, Bradford, Olean and Buffalo, connecting at Buffalo for points East and West.

Buffalo Express, daily except Sunday 8.30 A. M.
Mail, (103) daily except Sunday..... 1.50 P. M.

Train No. 103 (mail) will connect at Olean with River Division for Allegany, Bradford, Salamanca Warren, Oil City and Pittsburg.

Call on E. C. DAVISON, Agent, Emporium, for time tables or other information.

R. BELL, Gen'l Supt.
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen'l Pass'ngr & Ticket Agt. Mooney Brisbane Building, Cor. Main and Clinton Streets, Buffalo, N. Y.

TIME TABLE No. 23.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY R. R.

Taking effect June 15th, 1897.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS.		10 P. M.	4 P. M.	6 A. M.	2 P. M.
Port Allegany	Lv.	3 15	7 18	.....	12 10
Coleman		(oo)	(oo)	.....	*12 15
Burtville		*3 30	7 29	.....	12 22
Roulette		3 40	7 36	.....	12 29
Knowlton's		*3 45	(oo)	.....	*12 34
Mina		3 55	7 46	.....	12 41
Olmsted		*4 00	*7 50	.....	*12 46
Hammonds		(oo)	(oo)	.....	*12 51
Coudersport.	Ar.	4 15	7 57	.....	12 55
	Lv.			6 30	1 00
North Coudersport		.....	.....	(oo)	*1 05
Frink's		.....	.....	*6 40	*1 14
Colesburg		.....	.....	*6 46	1 20
Seven Bridges		.....	.....	*6 50	*1 24
Raymonds's		.....	.....	*7 01	1 36
Gold		.....	.....	7 06	1 42
Newfield		.....	.....	*7 10	1 45
B. & S. Junction		.....	.....	7 13	1 50
Perkins		.....	.....	*7 16	*1 53
Carpenter's		.....	.....	(oo)	*1 56
Crowell's		.....	.....	*7 21	*2 00
Ulysses	Ar.	.....	.....	7 30	2 10

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.		1 A. M.	5 P. M.	3 A. M.	
Ulysses	Lv.	7 42	2 30	10 05	.....
Crowell's		*7 51	*2 40	*10 17	.....
Carpenter's		(oo)	*2 42	*10 20	.....
Perkins		*7 54	*2 45	*10 25	.....
B. & S. Junction		7 57	2 50	10 30	.....
Newfield		*8 00	2 54	*10 35	.....
Gold		8 04	2 56	10 42	.....
Raymond's		*8 07	2 59	*10 47	.....
Seven Bridges		*8 19	*3 11	*11 05	.....
Colesburg		*8 21	3 15	*11 10	.....
Frink's		*8 28	*3 22	*11 17	.....
North Coudersport		(oo)	*3 30	*11 27	.....
Coudersport.	Ar.	8 43	3 35	11 35	.....
	Lv.	8 45	6 00	P. M. 1 30	.....
Hammonds		(oo)	(oo)	*1 34	.....
Olmsted		*8 51	*6 06	*1 40	.....
Mina		8 55	6 10	1 45	.....
Knowlton's		(oo)	*6 18	(oo)	.....
Roulette		9 05	6 22	1 57	.....
Burtville		9 13	6 30	2 10	.....
Coleman		(oo)	*6 36	(oo)	.....
Port Allegany		9 21	6 40	2 35	.....

(*) Flag stations. (oo) Trains do not stop.

Connections—At Ulysses with Fall Brook R'y. for points north and south. At Newfield Junction with Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R., north of Wellsville, south of Galeton and Ansonia. At Port Allegany with W. N. Y. & P. R. R., north for Buffalo, Olean, Bradford and Smethport; south for Keating Summit, Austin, Emporium and Penn'a R. R., points.

B. A. McCLURE, Gen'l Supt.
Coudersport, Pa.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY

THE SHORT LINE BETWEEN BUFFALO, ROCHESTER SALAMANCA, RIDGWAY, DUBOIS, PUNXSUTAWNEY, AND ALL POINTS IN THE NORTH, EAST AND WEST.

On and after Nov. 25, 1894, passenger trains will depart from Johnsonburg daily except Sunday, as follows:

10:30 a. m.—Accommodation, for Mt. Jewett, Bradford and intermediate stations.

8:58 a. m.—Accommodation, for Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

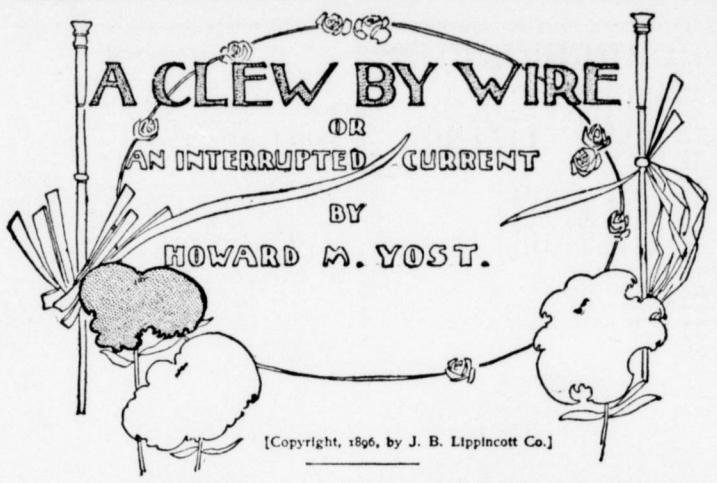
10:30 a. m.—Rochester Mail, for Mt. Jewett, Bradford, Salamanaca, Buffalo and Rochester.

3:35 p. m.—Mail, for Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois, Punxsutawney and intermediate stations.

3:55 p. m.—Accommodation, for Mt. Jewett, Bradford and intermediate stations.

Thousand mile tickets good for passage between all stations at two cents per mile.

R. G. MATHEWS, Gen. Supt., Rochester, N. Y.
EDWARD C. LAPEY, Gen. Pass. Ag't., Rochester, N. Y.



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CHAPTER I.

The train stopped at Sidington just long enough to have a trunk thrown off and allow one passenger to alight. The trunk was mine, the passenger myself.

Then the train went on again, the engine puffing and hissing in a vain attempt to acquire suddenly the greatest speed, seemingly in great impatience that it had been compelled to stop at all—which was not to be wondered at; for, when I gazed around, from what I could see, Sidington was nothing more than a station house, a few miles of railroad, and a wide stretch of hilly country.

There was a young fellow of about my age standing in the doorway of the waiting-room. He was regarding me with evident curiosity. I stepped up to him.

"Where is the station agent?" I asked, briefly.

"Why, I'm the agent," the fellow replied, in drawling tones.

"Isn't there any town here, or at least a settlement? Is this—" sweeping my arm around in a comprehensive gesture—"is this all there is of Sidington?"

"You kin see about all there is from here," the agent replied, with a grin. Then, to my surprise, he stepped out on the platform, locked the door, and put the key in his pocket.

"Are you going to leave the station?" I inquired.

"Yes. No use stayin' around. There ain't no more trains till three o'clock, when a couple of coals pass. This ain't much of a station."

"But what's to be done about my luggage?" I asked, impatiently, pointing toward a large trunk and several bundles at the upper end of the platform.

The agent looked in the direction I indicated. "Oh, that's all yours, is it? I thought maybe it might be. Got checks, I suppose?"

"Yes, certainly. Here they are."

He took the checks, gazed at them doubtfully for a moment, then slowly went to the pile of luggage.

"I guess it's all right," he said, after taking the checks from the various articles of baggage and carefully comparing them with the ones I had given him. "You kin take 'em along."

Now the trunk was large and heavy, and I turned on the fellow with a touch of anger, for at first I thought he was making game of me. But when I saw the expression of stolid indifference on his face, it struck me he was simply dull and stupid.

"Thank you," I finally said. "It is very kind of you to allow me to take my own property. Perhaps you will show further kindness by telling me how I am to take it. The bundles I might possibly manage, but the trunk, as you see, is large, and, I can assure you, heavy, and I really should prefer not to carry it, if any other way of removal might be devised."

For a moment it seemed to me the blast of sarcasm produced an effect, for just a shadow of a smile appeared on the agent's face. It lasted but an instant, however, and the blank stare with which he had viewed my belongings took its place.

"Where you wanter go?" he finally asked, in an indifferent manner.

"I would like to go to Nelsonville, if there could be found a way to get my trunk there too," I replied.

"So you're goin' to Nelsonville?" He favored me with a quick, searching glance, which was immediately withdrawn when he caught my eye. "Nelsonville's about three miles from here," he continued. "'Tain't much more of a place than Sidington. You ain't goin' to stay there, are you?"

I was about to answer sharply that that was my business, but, remembering the curiosity that the advent of a stranger generally causes in the minds of country folks, I told him my plans were not definite.

"'Tain't that I wanter be impert'nent," he went on, with a grin; "but I thought if you was only goin' to stay there over night you might leave your trunk in the station."

"Well, I had intended to spend two or three months, possibly longer, in Nelsonville. It depends altogether on how I like it. So, you see, I must have my trunk."

"Two or three months!" He gazed down at the track for a moment, and then turned quickly toward me as though an important idea had just come to him.

"There ain't no hotel at Nelsonville. P'raps you didn't know that," he said.

"It will make no difference to me. I have made arrangements for accommodation. You see, I am going to occupy a portion of my own property."

"Oh, you own a place there, then?"

"Yes, the old Nelson homestead is mine. It descended to me from my grandfather, Abram Nelson. He has been dead 18 years. I have not seen the place since. I was quite a small boy then. And now, as I have plenty of leisure, the desire is natural to revisit the scenes of boyhood days."

The agent listened to my words, and I was considerably amused to note the interest they inspired—an interest, I thought then, due wholly to a country fellow's curiosity.

"If I have told you all you wish to know about myself," I went on, "will you kindly tell me, as a return favor, where a team can be procured to cart me and my belongings over to my place?"

The fellow grinned at me, as though there had been something in my words of an amusing nature; but finally he did give me the desired information:

"Why, I guess maybe Jake Hunsicker kin take you over. He's just gettin' in the oats, but if you pay him, p'raps he'll leave the oats be long enough to drive to Nelsonville and back. Anyway, he kin take you after supper, if you wanter wait till then."

"And where does Mr. Hunsicker live?" I asked.

The agent pointed to a clump of trees on the summit of a hill about a quarter of a mile distant. "You kin see just a part of the roof through the trees. The road runs uphill right past the house."

"How about these things while I am gone? Will they be safe?" I inquired.

"Oh, yes; no one'll take 'em. It'll be all right," he replied, indifferently, as though he did not care whether my luggage would be secure or not. Then he gave one more glance at me, grinned in his dull way, sprang from the platform, and went off down the road.

All the country for miles about Nelsonville had been familiar to my boyhood. But now, after an absence of 18 years, I could hardly recognize this part of it.

The railroad had been built some five years before, and that made, in itself, a great change. The station was in a valley, and the fertile fields and dark green forests on the bounding hills were all very beautiful.

But, as there were few houses, and those in the distance, there was a loneliness about the place which seemed to find a counterpart in my life. For I was a social Ishmael, an outcast, burdened with the suspicion of a crime of which I was innocent. The fact that nothing could be proved against me, in the minds of most people, only indicated that I was such an adept in roguery as to be able to cover up all proof of my guilt.

It was now a year that the cloud had rested over my good name. The first six months of this time I had vainly attempted to live down the general suspicion. But I found the houses of even those I had considered true friends closed against me, and so, heart-sore and almost despairing, I fled to Europe, hoping to find partial forgetfulness, or at least a rest from cruel tongues. Unfortunately for my peace, Americans read the newspapers, and I had only to mention my name to my countrymen whom I met during my trip abroad to be asked if I was the one whose name was mentioned in connection with the great bank robbery in Philadelphia. I soon tired of this and of being compelled to tell over and over again the circumstances of that affair, so resolved to go back to my native land, avoid the city where I was so well and so unfavorably known, and seek rest and peace amid the scenes of my childhood. I also determined, after my arrival, to begin a thorough investigation of the robbery on my own hook. The reason I had not done this before will be stated later.

The solitude of Sidington, the lack of a welcoming hand, the knowledge that I had outgrown all boyish estimates and would therefore find the old homestead no longer encompassed about by the romantic interest which a youngster's mind was able to conjure up—all this did not tend to raise my depressed spirits, and my heart was heavy within me as I plodded up the long, dusty hill toward the home of Mr. Hunsicker.

A delicious breeze was blowing at the top of the hill, and I paused a moment under the shade of the maples, to bare my perspiring brow to the cool influence.

Then I slowly walked up the shady path leading to the porch, keeping my hat in my hand. I hoped Mr. Hunsicker would be at the house for dinner, for I determined not to go out into the hot fields to search for him.

A knock at the open front door caused an interruption in the clatter of dishes which proceeded from an inner room, and very soon shuffling footsteps approached the door.

A tall, stoop-shouldered individual, dressed in a brown cotton shirt, blue overalls and cowhide boots, loomed up out of the gloom of the darkened rooms. From the look of astonishment on the man's face when he saw me, I judged the advent of a stranger was a rare occurrence to this household.

"Will you haul me and a trunk to Nelsonville?" I asked.

My question produced a blanker stare from the old fellow, and his jaws, which had been busy masticating a mouthful of food, ceased operations. I gave him time, and, when he had partially recovered from his surprise, again addressed him.

"Do you understand English?" I asked.

"Ach, y-e-e-s indeed!" he replied, after he had hastily swallowed the food.

"And is your name Hunsicker—Jacob Hunsicker?" I continued.

He nodded a reply.

"The station agent down at the depot said that perhaps I could get you to take me over to Nelsonville. Will you do it?"

"V-ell, bud ve're just at de oats," Mr. Hunsicker said.

"I am willing to wait until after supper, which will not interfere with the harvesting. You will be well paid for your trouble."

Hereupon the rather shrill voice of a woman came from the inner room. She spoke in Pennsylvania Dutch, but I was able to make out that her words conveyed a command for her husband to comply with my request. She also added that he should not offer to do the work too cheaply.

I smiled as I recognized in this one of the provident traits of a Pennsylvania Dutch farmer's wife.

"I'll pay you well," I reiterated.

"I guess you should gif me feefty cent," Mr. Hunsicker said, in a doubtful manner, as though he really did not expect to receive that amount, but was determined to get all out of me that he could.

"It is settled, then, that you take me over. We'll not quarrel about the terms. Allow me to rest here under the cool shade the remainder of the afternoon and give me some supper, and you shall have a dollar."

The farmer was quite overwhelmed by my munificent offer, as was also the hitherto unseen female. For the woman peeped from behind the door of the kitchen to have a look at me.

I bowed to her, and she acknowledged my salutation by coming forward.

"I guess you haf no dinner," she said, in a hospitable way.

The truth was, I had had none, and, being rather healthy, I was not sorry to be ushered to the table, where I was bountifully supplied.

During the meal the woman favored me with many searching glances, which I attributed to her curiosity.

After I had finished my repast we again returned to the front porch.

"You have a nice place here," I said, handing the man a cigar. "The house is new, is it not?"

"Aboud fife year old," he answered; and then his wife took up the conversation.

"Ve rented a farm ofer at Nelsonville for a long dime. Bud ve nefer had no childrens, so ve safed some money and bought dis farm," she said.

The woman was eager for a little gossip, and was bound to have it, in spite

"Where you wanter go?"

of the fact that the dinner dishes were awaiting her.

"Did you ever know old Abram Nelson, of Nelsonville?" I asked, willing to indulge her wish. "It's a long time now since he died—18 years."

"Yes, ve knew him. It vas part of his farm ve rented after he died," the man made response.

I could not restrain a smile at his clumsy way of putting it, but before I could ask another question the woman came up to where I was standing and gazed earnestly into my face.

"Ach, Gott! It's true!" she exclaimed, clutching my arms. "It's Nel, little Nel! Ach Gott, I knew it!"

Then her excitement ended in a flood of tears. I gazed down at her in astonishment, and as I looked recollection came to me.

"Why, surely, I used to know you," I said, smiling down upon her. "You must be Sarah. You used to work at Grandfather Nelson's when I was a small boy, and took care of me during my visits."

"Ach, see! he knows me!" the woman exclaimed, turning toward her husband. "He vould not forget Sarah! So, so. After so long a dime. Ach, my! And now you are a man, and haf growed so big!"

I really should have explained before that my name is Nelson Conway. I had been rather a small, puny child, and my gradfather called me Little Nel.

Soon Jake went about his business harvesting the oats. Sarah and I sat all that afternoon under the cool shade, talking about old times.

My parents had been dead many years, and it was something new in my experience to be petted, deferred to and made much of. Sarah took up the acquaintance just where it had been broken off 18 years ago, and seemed imbued with an augmented adoration for me.

I felt there was one true, loyal soul in the world whom I could depend on, and, in the natural desire for sympathy and consolation, I recounted to her all my troubles, including the circumstances connected with the bank robbery and the suspicion under which I had groaned in spirit for a year now.

"It seems as though I were fated to carry that load to the grave," I remarked, despondingly.

"Ach, no, indeed you von't. Don'd you feel pad aboud it, Nel. You see it come right. Let dem come to me," Sarah continued, waxing indignant, "let dem come to me. I dell dem if a grandson of Abram Nelson is a thief. And dey find out some day."

Her assurances comforted and encouraged me very much. For I knew my life had been honorable and square, at least in all business relations, and her absolute trust in me, after all the cruel insinuations and the cold looks of suspicion, was balm to my wounded spirit.

There was another, the brightest, fairest and best of women, who also felt confidence in my integrity, or at least had done so; one whose affection I had gained. But I had not heard from her since immediately after the robbery, and whether her trust and love still remained unshaken I could not say. I had no reason to doubt her; but then time works wonderful changes in a woman's opinions, often.

After supper Jake drove me over to Nelsonville. Sarah accompanied us, of course. She would have been intensely pleased to have me stay at her own house, but I was longing for the rest and peace which the old homestead seemed to promise, and so could not be persuaded to change my plans.

At the corner of two roads, near the house, dwelt an old widow, who had taken care of my place.

The large farm had been rented out in parcels to neighboring farmers, but the house had remained vacant ever since my grandfather's death.

We stopped at the widow's home for the key, and the old lady came along with us.

Soon I stood upon the porch and gazed around upon the scenes which had stamped themselves so strongly upon my boyhood's mind that even now, after all these years, they seemed wonderfully familiar. I missed the white-headed old gentleman, whose figure had been the most beautiful of all to my boyish mind. With a sigh I turned to the door, placed the key in the lock, turned the bolt, and entered, followed reverentially by Sarah and her husband, and Mrs. Snyder, the old widow.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

TOO EMOTIONAL.

She Mistook an Icehouse for the Tomb of Washington.

If the men who become the objects of hero worship could see the evidence of the feeling they inspire, they would possibly be even more reconciled to leaving this sphere for any other, better or worse. Sometimes they do know; and then they need to exercise abundant charity.

An American who has lived much abroad says that he was present, on one occasion, when a country woman of his own met a famous poet. She saw the object of her idolatry. She rushed forward and struck an attitude.

"And is it possible," she cried, dramatically, "that I look upon Browning?"

One feels that Dr. Johnson, in the same circumstances, would have remarked, gruffly: "Don't be a fool, madam!"

Again, there are times when pathos is showered only upon the dead. T. F. Silleck says that on one of his holiday excursions he visited Mount Vernon, and there, in the grounds, he came upon a middle-aged lady, kneeling before a building at some distance from the monument. She was bathed in tears. Mr. Silleck walked up to her, and asked if she were in trouble.

"No, sir," said she, "thank you very much. I am not in trouble, but my patriotic feelings overcome me when I gaze upon the tomb of the Father of his Country."

"I quite understand," said Mr. Silleck, gently, "but, my dear madam, you have made a mistake. This is not the tomb of Washington. It is over yonder. This is the icehouse."

And drying her tears, the lady moved quietly away.—Youth's Companion.

"Like Hogs or Like Gentlemen."

Years ago, when it was more the fashion in Kansas than at present, United States District Attorney "Bill" Perry gave a "stag party" to his gentlemen friends at Fort Scott. He had procured a bountiful supply of cold beer for the delectation of his guests, but hid it away in an upper room as a post-prandial surprise. When the proper time arrived for the revelation of his surprise he said to the assembled company:

"Boys, I have a lot of cold beer upstairs, but before we start I want to know whether you intend to drink like gentlemen or like hogs."

"Oh, we'll drink like gentlemen; lead on, 'Billy,'" chorused a dozen voices in reply.

"That settles it," replied the jovial host, as a smile rippled over all three of his double chins. "I'll have to send for more beer. A hog always knows when he's got enough."—Kansas City Journal.

Heredity.

It has been said that the training of a boy should begin with his grandmother. Where this precaution has been neglected there should be some charity for the boy if he does not turn out well, and the generous parent will not refuse to bear at least a portion of the responsibility.

"Your son Robert, Mr. Waxworth," remarked a teacher to the father of one of his pupils, "is not lacking in capacity to learn and has many good points, but he is apt to think that what he does is always right. He is very self-conceited."

"I know it," replied the father, with a deep sigh. "He gets that characteristic from his mother's folks. In other respects he takes after our side of the family."—Youth's Companion.

Missed Him Rather Late.

When Dr. Whewell, master of Trinity college, Cambridge, was a tutor he once invited a number of his men to a "wine"—as the entertainments of those days used to be called. Noticing a vacant place, he said to his servant: "Why is not Mr. Smith here?" "He is dead, sir," was the reply. "I wish you would tell me when my pupils die," was the indignant answer.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Plain food suits not dainty appetites.—Eliza Tabor.

PERSONAL AND IMPERSONAL.

Pasteur's widow has taken up her residence at the institute bearing her husband's name, and is in receipt of a pension of $5,000 a year.

—There is talk in Hartford of erecting a suitable monument to the memory of Henry Clay Work, the author of "Marching Through Georgia."

—Mrs. Paul Breen, of San Francisco, has given $30,000 for the construction of an arch in Golden Gate park, to be a memorial to her husband and sons.

—William Tyler, who has just died at Conkling, Tenn., at the age of 85 years, was a nephew of President Tyler. He was born and spent his whole life in a house once owned by John Sevier.

That famous old Parisian dandy, Prince de Sagan, is said to have recovered his health sufficiently to have prepared for a journey to Cannes, whither he will be accompanied by the princess.

—Mark Twain has been studying the career of Cecil Rhodes, the South African millionaire, and sums up his conclusions as follows: "I admire him. I frankly confess it; and when his time comes I shall buy a piece of the rope for a keepsake."

Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania, has purchased one of the finest homesteads in the Ohio valley, about ten miles from Pittsburgh, and will hereafter live there. The senator's abandonment of Beaver county, where he began his political career, for Alleghany, the stronghold of his opponent, "Chris" Magee, is a cause of wonder to Pennsylvania.

LAUGH MAY CONTAIN A LESSON.

Suggested Improvement for Leaving Street Cars Offered Women.

"Very ludicrous, certainly, but yet it is not quite the proper thing to laugh so loudly that she can hear you."

It was a strong-faced old man who gave expression to the above while standing on the corner of State and Madison streets one evening lately. He referred to the great discomfiture which overcame a pretty little woman who, like most of her sex, managed to get off a street car the wrong way. In alighting she turned her back on the still moving train, and as a result she was left sprawling in the damp street the observed of hundreds of eyes. Her light-colored dress was irretrievably ruined and her flying ribbons slapped and fluttered in the little puddles made by the melting snow.

And her face! It was clothed in as crimson a color as a full-blown hollyhock. Four or five men leaped to her assistance and in a jiffy had the little woman upon her feet. But she did not thank them. Not a word. She just kept her eyes on the ground and, with a wild and startled bound, leaped for the sidewalk, and in a moment disappeared within the capacious doors of one of the bazaars near by. Then those big, bearded pirates who a moment before were all grace and tenderness in their solicitude began to roar.

"Not exactly right to laugh," continued the old man who had witnessed every phase of the above incident, "but it can hardly be helped under the circumstances. If women will persist in getting off the cars contrary to the manner in which they should, why, they must expect to take a tumble. But even with one mistake, if they would only be careful in the future it certainly does seem to me that they might avoid their very annoying acrobatic feats."

"Well, sir," put in one of the men who had assisted the little woman to her feet, "the only reason I can figure out their persistence in jumping off cars in reverse is because they see newsboys and street car employes do it. I have seen one of these boys drop off a car going at full speed, alight on one foot and retain to perfection his equilibrium. How he manages to do it is past my comprehension. The momentum is such that it would topple me over like the proverbial load of apple sauce."

"But there are women who alight with as much ease and as gracefully as the men," said another. "These are the younger women—those of the athletic or new woman type. They never ask the conductor to stop his car, either coming or going, but if you watch 'em you'll see that they jump manfashion. In my opinion I do not consider myself at all ungallant. These awkward women should be laughed at. It may teach them better sense for the next jump. Let them wait until the cars slow up."

"That's what they ought to do," interposed the old man as he turned to leave, "and if they don't do it they ought to tumble about the streets. It's not the conductor's fault, though I don't approve of his and the gripman's loud guffaws as they pull away from the floundering heap of ribbons and lingerie.

"Ought to have charts posted in the cars giving an illustration of the right way to jump," added another, as with a parting roar the hard-hearted fellows drifted away to their various objective points.—Chicago Chronicle.

Asia's Secrets.

Asia is generally regarded as having been the earliest home of man, yet its interior is still one of the most mysterious parts of the globe. That many unknown things remain to be discovered there is indicated by the results of the recent journeys of Sven Hedin, the Swedish explorer. In the region containing the lake called Lob Nor he came upon a tribe of half-savage shepherds who were unknown even to the Chinese. And besides more than a score of salt-water lakes, and the ruins of two ancient cities, he discovered a great range of mountains, whose liftiest peak, named by him Mount Oscar, is 24,000 feet high, nearly 8,000 feet higher than Mount Blanc, the giant of the Alps.—Youth's Companion.

Club Talk.

Bob Keyworth—Here is a new paper offering a prize of $50 for the best-written love letter.

Mr. Rounder (who is being sued for breach of promise)—I'd give ten times that much to get some of mine back.—Tammany Times.

$500 Reward

The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who placed iron and slabs on the track of the Emporium & Rich Valley R. R., near the east line of Franklin Housler's farm, on the evening of Nov. 21st, 1891.

HENRY AUCHU, President.

38-tf.

FINE LIQUOR STORE
IN
EMPORIUM, PA.

THE undersigned has opened a first-class Liquor store, and invites the trade of Hotels, Restaurants, &c. We shall carry none but the best American and Imported

WHISKIES,
BRANDIES,
GINS AND
WINES,
BOTTLED ALE, CHAMPAGNE, Etc.
Choice line of
Bottled Goods.

In addition to my large line of liquors I carry constantly in stock a full line of
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Pool and Billiard Room in same building. Call and see me.

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Where you can get anything you want in the line of
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CALL AND SEE ME AND GET PRICES.
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THE FARMING WORLD.

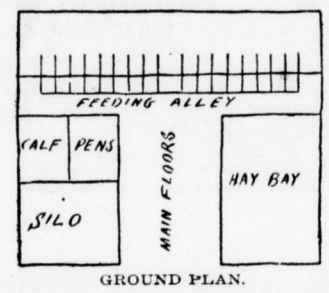
OLD-FASHIONED BARN.

How It Can Be Enlarged Without Very Much Expense.

There are many barns that have the main driving floor running from side to side of the barn instead of from end to end. The stock is kept in one end, in narrow quarters, while the other end is used for a hay bay. A sensible plan

PERSPECTIVE VIEW OF BARN.

for cheaply enlarging such a barn is shown in the perspective view, Fig. 1, and its accompanying floor plan, Fig. 2. The addition gives a long "tie-up" for stock, leaving the old quarters for a silo and for calf pens. The hay bay remains as before. This interior arrangement is very convenient for feeding and



GROUND PLAN.

caring for the stock. In many cases the land slopes sufficiently in the rear to make a manure cellar possible under the cattle stalls. The dressing can then be kept safe from leaching until it can be hauled to the fields.—American Agriculturist.

FEEDING FOR WOOL.

Lack of Care Is Almost Certain to Injure the Fiber.

For best results everything that lives and grows does better to have generous and continuous good treatment from the start to finish. The sheep is no exception to this rule. It is as sensitive to bad treatment as the dairy cow. If in the latter case the cow is allowed to fall in milk no amount of generous treatment will fully restore the milk to its former flow. The wool of the sheep is said to be as equally sensitive to bad treatment. If during the growth of the wool the sheep is subjected to hard conditions there will be a weak place in the fiber of the wool during this period.

Flockmasters should see that the sheep should be under generous treatment the entire season. No amount of winter care will fully compensate for allowing the sheep to run down in the fall. The weak place in the fiber cannot be eliminated. The manufacturer cannot make as good cloth from wool that breaks, and will not pay as much for it as good, strong wool. In feeding for flesh we feed for wool also, for the latter can be reached only through the former. Remember all the time that the evenness of fiber has more to do with the price of wool than its fineness. This is the reason that range wool is usually lower in price than wool produced on the farm. The season affects the range sheep more than the farm flocks. This is equally true with all forms of live stock.—Rural World.

Steam Engines for Farms.

Because farmers always have horse power on the farm it does not follow that it must be used for every purpose where additional power is required. There are many kinds of jobs where a small engine, which any farmer can easily learn to run, will give better satisfaction and be far less expensive than keeping a horse. With the proper connections so as to furnish the power such an engine will do the churning or run the milk separator. It will do the washing and turn the grindstone in the summer, a job that has disgusted more boys with farming than any other. One of the best uses of the engine is to make it turn a lathe where the young people can cut out various kinds of wooden utensils and learn skill in handicraft that will be useful to them all their lives.—American Cultivator.

The Best Breed of Cattle.

Which is the best breed of cattle? is a question frequently asked. The best breed depends on what is expected of it. If choice steers are to be raised for market, and which are to grow rapidly, produce carcasses that will command extra prices, and at the lowest cost, use the beef breeds. If milk and butter are the objects the beef qualities should not be sought. It is not difficult to learn at the present day how and where to produce the best breed of milk and butter producers, but in so doing aim to secure not only the breed, but choice animals of the breed. If a beginning is made with the best the more rapid will be the progress to success, as there are inferior animals even among the purebred ones. An extra dollar or two expended at the start will return fourfold in the future.—Prairie Farmer.

Ridding Cattle of Lice.

This is the time of year that cattle are likely to be attacked with lice. If any of them have a rough coat and are constantly licking or rubbing themselves you can be quite sure they are lousy. Calves and yearlings are generally attacked first. Powdered aloes, which is cheap and can be procured at any drug store will kill every louse. Apply with a pepper box, rubbing it in with the hand. Leave it on three or four days, then go over the animal with a currycomb, and apply again. Two applications are sufficient and it is perfectly harmless to the animal.—Dakota Field and Farm.

Sorghum seed makes a good feed for poultry. It tends to egg production and adds to the variety.

THE SAN JOSE SCALE.

It Can Easily Be Rendered Harmless, Says This Writer.

Practical, personal experience with the San Jose scale will be of interest. The following is from Mac. J. Crow, for years associated in the management of a leading California nursery and orchard at Napa, Cal., who has recently taken up his residence in Pike county, Mo. Mr. Crow writes:

"The San Jose scale is evidently thoroughly established in numerous localities east of the Rocky mountains. Orchardists should accept the fact and turn their attention to prevention or cure, as the case may be, in their individual orchards.

"Some are making a mountain out of a molehill, and seem to overlook entirely the fact that this scale probably was solved in California some six or eight years ago, and is to-day requiring much less attention than some fungous diseases which are so numerous throughout the eastern and middle states. It is far easier to combat the San Jose scale than the codling-moth, scab, blight or borers; the former can be thoroughly kept in check with less work and expense than any one of the latter. This is an indisputable fact—a fact thoroughly demonstrated in the California orchards. It is unnecessary to "dig up and burn a badly infested tree," as the wise ones often say. Three thorough sprayings with lime, sulphur and salt, or the resin washes, properly applied at the right times, will clean any tree, no matter how many scales are on it; then one spraying a year is sufficient. Of course, if the scales have been on so long as to almost kill the tree, then a new one had better be planted.

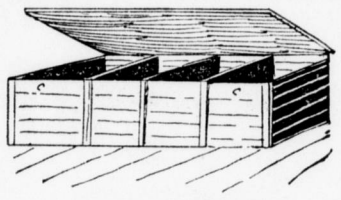
"It sounds rather ridiculous to hear such an uproar about an insect that, as said before, is less dangerous or troublesome than many of the insects which orchardists are fighting and saying nothing about. The numbers of curculio, codling moth and several others, can only be diminished, in a degree, and the damage resulting from their depredations in proportion, but the scale can easily be rendered perfectly harmless."—W. P. Stark, Secretary of Stark Bros.' Nurseries.

CHEAP GRAIN BINS.

How They Can Be Built at a Merely Nominal Expense.

In these "hard times" it is advisable for the farmer to utilize those things which are the most easily procured, and especially when they are adapted to his needs. In most cases feed chests with compartments for different kinds of grain are necessary conveniences in both the barn and stable, but often the construction of such a bin is a matter of considerable expense and labor if the ordinary course is adhered to. Accordingly, I suggest the plan shown in the illustration. It is perfectly simple and very serviceable.

First, obtain a number of dry goods or grocery boxes, all of the same dimensions in every respect; place them



HANDY GRAIN BIN.

side by side, then nail together with wire nails long enough to reach through and clinch. Next, attach a cover to the top of the bin thus made, and your work is done. Of course, each box should be of size sufficient to hold all the grain of any one kind that must be kept on hand, but this need not occasion any alarm, for boxes of every size and shape mentionable can be procured at grocery and dry goods stores, for a merely nominal sum.—Fred O. Sibley, in Ohio Farmer.

HINTS FOR STOCKMEN.

Give the swine clean, dry beds.

Short tails and a short check rein indicate a short supply of common sense.

Never keep the carriage where the ammonia from stables will reach the paint.

Europeans and the American hog threaten to utilize all the corn we can grow.

Hogs should never be fed the offal from slaughter houses, which is likely to contain trichinae and tuberculosis.

If you can afford it buy a nice buggy or carriage. It will make boys feel better and won't make you feel any worse.

Because the hog will eat anything is no reason why we should attempt to make good pork on filthy food. Can't do it.

Half the so-called hog cholera is nothing but worms, to which the hog is very subject. A good vermifuge would cure a good deal of "cholera." — Western Plowman.

Eggs That Do Not Hatch.

I have been experimenting lately on the eggs from certain hens, to find out if there is any great difference in the way they hatch, their vitality, etc., and have been greatly interested in the discoveries. The eggs from the abnormally fat hens seldom hatch. The chicken usually dies on or about the twelfth day of incubation. When an egg hatches a day or two in advance of time one usually concludes that it was quite fresh when put in, but I now find that it is the eggs from the active and most healthy hens that break the shell first. Five eggs from a little game hen, which were all over five days old, were the first to hatch. Invariably the egg from the sleepy, lazy hen hatches late. Out of 27 hens whose eggs I experimented with I found two quite sterile. They both lay fine, large eggs of good shape and shell, but though I must have tried quite a dozen of their eggs, not one has ever had a sign of a chicker.—Fanciers' Gazette.

A Beautiful Girl's Affliction.

From the Republican, Versailles, Ind.

The Tuckers, of Versailles, Ind., like all fond parents, are completely wrapped up in their children. Their daughter Lucy, in particular, has given them much concern. She is fifteen, and from a strong, healthy girl, three years ago, had become weak and kept falling off in flesh until she became a mere skeleton. She seemed to have no life at all. Her blood became impure and finally she became the victim of nervous prostration. Doctors did not help her. Most of the time she was confined to bed, was very nervous and irritable, and seemed on the verge of St. Vitus' dance.

"One morning," said Mrs. Tucker, "the doctor told us to give her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, which he brought with him. He said he was treating a similar case with these pills and they were curing the patient. We began giving the pills and the next day could see a change for the better.

The doctor came and was surprised to see such an improvement. He told us to keep giving her the medicine. We gave her one pill after each meal until eight boxes had been used when she was well. She has not been sick since, and we have no fear of the old trouble returning. We think the cure almost miraculous."

FRANK TUCKER.
MRS. FRANK TUCKER.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of April, 1897.
HUGH JOHNSON, Justice of the Peace.

These pills are wonderfully effective in the treatment of all diseases arising from impure blood, or shattered nerve force. They are adapted to young or old, and may be had at any drug store.

Beyond His Knowledge.

"Do you really mean to stand by what you say about retiring from public life?" inquired the intimate friend just before an election.

"How do I know?" responded the politician. "I'm no prophet."—Washington Star.

Land and a Living

Are best and cheapest in the New South. Land $3 to $5 an acre. Easy terms. Good schools and churches. No blizzards. No cold waves. New illustrated paper, "Land and a Living," 3 months, for 10 cents, in stamps. W. C. RINEARSON, G. P. A., Queen & Crescent Route, Cincinnati.

A Puzzled Infant.

"Paw," asked the little boy, who had been tackling statistics in the daily paper, "how does it come that most of the whisky and beer is drank by people in the temperate zone?"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A Handsome Metal Paper Cutter and Book Mark Combined

Sent free of postage under sealed cover on receipt of ten cents in silver or stamps. The latest, best and most serviceable adjunct of every library and office. Address Geo. H. Heafford, 410 Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill.

The inventor of suspenders that will not pull the buttons off will have a bigger fortune than a shareholder in Klondike.—Washington Democrat.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Hard Luck.

"What made you quit the club, Billy?"

"Reason enough, I can tell you. I worked five years to be elected treasurer, and then they insisted on putting in a cash register."—Boston Traveler.

A copy of the new edition of Miss Parloa's Choice Receipts will be sent postpaid to any of our readers who will make application by postal card or note to Walter Baker & Co., Limited, Dorchester, Mass.

The inventor of a kind of suspenders that won't wear out is assured of the blessings of all mankind.—Washington Democrat.

Piso's Cure for Consumption relieves the most obstinate coughs.—Rev. D. Buchmueller, Lexington, Mo., Feb. 24, '94.

Pleasure soon palls when it costs nothing.—Ram's Horn.

A treasure laid up is St. Jacobs Oil. It cures the worst Neuralgia.

Whispers and runaway teams make the break-ups.—Ram's Horn.

Rupture. Surecure. Book free. Write for it to S. J. Sherman, Specialist. Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

When a girl goes on the street to look for her steady, everybody knows it.—Atchison Globe.

A big investment for a workingman is St. Jacobs Oil. It cures rheumatism.

When a boy can't think of anything else to do he eats something.—Washington Democrat.

No Deception.—He—"The young lady doesn't look like a singer." She—"Doesn't sing like one, either."—Detroit Free Press.

Stranger—"I notice that when you announce your text your congregation all make a note of the verse and chapter." Parson—"Yais; dey takes down de number ob de verse and chapter to make policy combinations out ob."—Puck.

"Mr. Showman," said an inquiring individual at the menagerie, "can the leopard change his spots?" "Yes, sir," replied the individual who stirs up the wild beasts; "when he is tired of one spot he goes to another."—Tit-Bits.

Philosophy—Something that enables a rich man to say that it's no disgrace to be poor.—Chicago Daily News.

"Stebbin's wife is going to make him go in for geology." "What's that for?" "She can't make him keep himself tidy, and she thinks if he is scientific it won't be noticed."—Chicago Record.

"Bridget, you've broken as much china this morning as your wages amount to. Now, how can we prevent this occurring again?" "Oi don't know, mum, unless yez raise me wages."—Pearson's Weekly.

"I'm troubled about that draft from the west," said the head of the firm. And the office boy hurriedly closed the transom and then looked as if he expected an immediate advance in salary.—Detroit Free Press.

"Now, papa, dear, when Mr. Timmons calls on you don't be hasty." "Hasty? I guess not. I've been thinking what I'd do to him for more than a month."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"One great trouble wif folks," said Uncle Eben, "is dat dey's li'ble ter mistake de smallest speck on dah serenity foh de pint wha' patience ceases ter be a virtue."—Washington Star.

"I daresay some of the comforts of civilization are already appearing in the Klondike?" "Yes; they were just getting in nugget-in-the-slot gum-machines as I came away."—Puck.

A GREAT TIDE OF PROSPERITY.

Canadian Loan Companies Getting Money on Mortgages That Had Been Written Off.

Probably in the history of the continent there never was such a tide of prosperity enjoyed by any country as the Dominion of Canada is being favored with. That portion of Canada known as Western Canada is attracting thousands of people who are seeking homes on the arable lands of that new but rapidly developing country. Possessed of exceptionally good railroad privileges, the best school system in the world, churches in every small settlement, while in the towns and cities all denominations are represented, and with markets in close proximity to the grain fields, most of the requirements for a comfortable existence are met. The development that is now taking place in the mining districts gives an impulse to agriculture and good prices, with good crops, being about a state of affairs that the crowded districts of more populous centers are taking advantage of. The Associated Press dispatches a few days since had the following telegram:

Toronto, Feb. 4.—(Special)—Loan companies that made advances on Manitoba property years ago report that the returns from the west during the past three months have exceeded expectations. One company has taken from Manitoba over $20,000 interest, and discharged mortgages many of which had been written off a year ago. Directors of the leading loan companies are taking a greater interest in the business of their institutions, and are inquiring into many properties on which advances have been made.

The climate in the Western provinces of Manitoba, Alberta, Assiniboia and Saskatchewan is excellent, there being no healthier anywhere. The Canadian government is now offering special inducements for the encouragement of settlers, and they have their agents at work throughout the United States for the purpose of giving information and distributing literature. Among those going to Canada are many ex-Canadians, who have failed to make as good a living as they expected in the United States.

A Useful Bequest.

Cumso—I hear that Mr. Scadds left $100,000 to Yellvard university.

Cawker—Is it to be applied to any particular purpose, such as the endowment of a chair?

"The money is to be used for the endowment of a football hospital."—Puck.

It's Not Cold in the South.

The weather this season in the South has been all that could be desired, and all who have already reached the resorts of Florida and the Gulf Coast are charmed with their locations. The Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company's arrangements for through service of sleeping cars and Coaches from Northern cities are unsurpassed this winter. Tourist tickets, good to return until May 31st, are on sale by this line from all points, at low rates. For full particulars write to C. P. Atmore, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky., or Jackson Smith, D. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

Useless Study.

Teacher (severely)—Tommy Smith, come here! Why haven't you learnt your geography lesson?

Tommy—'Cause the papers say there's going to be a change in the map of Europe.—Pearson's Weekly.

No Klondike for Me!

Thus says E. Walters, Le Raysville, Pa., who grew (sworn to) 252 bushels Salzer's corn per acre. That means 25,200 bushels on 100 acres at 30c a bushel equals $7,560. That is better than a prospective gold mine. Salzer pays $400 in gold for best name for his 17-inch corn and oats prodigy. You can win. Seed potatoes only $1.50 a barrel. SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10 CTS. IN STAMPS to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and get free their seed catalogue, and 11 new farm seed samples, including above corn and oats, surely worth $10, to get a start. K3

Preparing for Trouble.

"Have you de ring, Mistah Johnsing?"

"No, sah, I ain't got no ring. Fac' is, pahson, I done expect trouble wid some o' my creditahs, an' I put up de ring foh 75 cents so's I wouldn't have no vallerables on my pusson. I spec' it'll be 'bout de same thing if Lucindy puts her finger troo a hole in the ticket. Thank you, pahson."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

From Baby in the High Chair

to grandma in the rocker Grain-O is good for the whole family. It is the long-desired substitute for coffee. Never upsets the nerves or injures the digestion. Made from pure grain it is a food in itself. Has the taste and appearance of the best coffee at ¼ the price. It is a genuine and scientific article and is come to stay. It makes for health and strength. Ask your grocer for Grain-O.

Information Wanted.

Teacher—At what age does a man usually get bald?

Bright Pupil—What kind of a man—married or single?—Chicago Evening News.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free $2 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. Kline, 933 Arch st., Phila., Pa.

Women whose clothes do not look like it, are very particular about their dressmakers.—Washington Democrat.

Disfigured from a bruise? No; not When St. Jacobs Oil cures it. No chance.

Young Womanhood.

Sweet young girls! How often they develop into worn, listless, and hopeless women because mother has not impressed upon them the importance of attending to physical development.

No woman is exempt from physical weakness and periodical pain, and young girls just budding into womanhood should be guided physically as well as morally.

If you know of any young lady who is sick and needs motherly advice, ask her to address Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell every detail of her symptoms, surroundings and occupations. She will get advice from a source that has no rival in experience of women's ills. Tell her to keep nothing back.

Her story is told to a woman, not to a man. Do not hesitate about stating details that she may not wish to mention, but which are essential to a full understanding of her case, and if she is frank, help is certain to come!

Coughs

that kill are not distinguished by any mark or sign from coughs that fail to be fatal. Any cough neglected, may sap the strength and undermine the health until recovery is impossible. All coughs lead to lung trouble, if not stopped. Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Cures Coughs.

"My little daughter was taken with a distressing cough, which for three years defied all the remedies I tried. At length on the urgent recommendation of a friend, I began to give her Dr. AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. After using one bottle I found to my great surprise that she was improving. Three bottles completely cured her."—J. A. GRAY, Trav. Salesman Wrought Iron Range Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Is put up in half size bottles at half price . . 50 cents

PAINT YOUR OWN WALLS AND CEILINGS.

Calcimo Fresco Tints

FOR DECORATING WALLS AND CEILINGS Purchase a package of **CALCIMO** from your grocer or paint dealer and do your own kalsomining. This material is made on scientific principles by machinery and milled in twenty-four tints and is superior to any concoction of Glue and Whiting that can possibly be made by hand. TO BE MIXED WITH COLD WATER.

☞ **SEND FOR SAMPLE COLOR CARDS** and if you cannot purchase this material from your local dealers let us know and we will put you in the way of obtaining it.

THE MURALO CO., NEW BRIGHTON, S.I., NEW YORK.

"WHERE DIRT GATHERS, WASTE RULES." USE

SAPOLIO

RHEUMATISM

Permanently cured by using DR. WHITEHALL'S RHEUMATIC CURE. The surest and the best. Sample sent FREE on mention of this publication. THE DR. WHITEHALL MEGRIMINE CO., South Bend, Indiana.

☞ If you are troubled with any form of **DYSPEPSIA** **GALLUP'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS** are what you should use. They are superior to all others—a POSITIVE **CURE**, as well as a Digestive. 25c and 50c boxes, by mail on receipt of price. On receipt of one 2 cent postage stamp I will send a **Six days' trial package FREE** by mail. Address **L. E. GALLUP, M. D., MARSHALL, MICH.**

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE **KEMP'S BALSAM** THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Price, 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

The Klondike?

If you are interested and wish to post yourself about the Gold Fields of the Yukon Valley, when to go and how to get there, write for a Descriptive Folder and Map of Alaska. It will be sent free upon application to T. A. GRADY, Excursion Manager C. B. & Q. R. R., 211 Clark Street, Chicago.

ACETYLENE GAS,

The Light of the Future.

Why not be independent and own your own little gas plant, which will give you six times more light than ordinary gas, or electric lights, at one-half the cost. Applicable for use in churches, stores, factories, residences and country homes. Safer than ordinary gas or kerosene lamps. Approved by all the Boards of Fire Insurance Underwriters throughout the United States. We want a first-class agent in every town. Write for prices and catalogue.

THE NATIONAL ACETYLENE GAS CO., 1116 Mohawk Bldg., Cleveland, O.

Oats 231 Bu. pr. A. Wheat 40c. a Bu.

How to grow wheat at 40c a bu. and 231 bus. oats; 173 bus. barley and 1600 bus. potatoes per acre. SEE OUR GREAT CATALOGUE mailed you with 11 grass seed samples, upon receipt of THIS NOTICE and 10 cents in stamps. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS. (K 2)

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

$6.50

To California!

This is the berth rate in the Tourist car from CINCINNATI to SAN FRANCISCO, via the

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

For particulars address,

S. G. HATCH, D. P. A.,
423 Vine Street, Cincinnati, O.

In 3 or 4 Years

An Independence is Assured

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

If you take up **YOUR Home in WESTERN CANADA, the land of plenty.** Illustrated pamphlets, giving experience of farmers who have become wealthy in growing wheat. Reports of delegates, etc., and full information as to reduced railway rates, can be had on application to Department Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or to M. V. McINNES, No. 1 Merrill Block, Detroit, Mich.

CLOVER SEED

Largest growers of **Grass** and **Clover Seeds** in America. 5000 acres. Our Grass Mixtures last a lifetime. Meadows sown in April will give a rousing crop in July. Prices dirt cheap. Mammoth catalogue and 11 pkgs. Grass and Grains, FREE for but 10c. and this notice. Catalogue **free.** JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS. (K 2.)

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve is the only sure cure in the world for **Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, White Swelling, Fever Sores,** and all **Old Sores.** It never fails. Draws out all poison. Saves expense and suffering. Cures permanent. Best salve for **Boils, Carbuncles, Piles, Salt Rheum, Burns, Cuts** and all **Fresh Wounds.** By mail, small, 33c; large, 63c. Book free. **J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn. Sold by Druggists.**

FREE! Read and Be Enlightened.

Mr. E. H. Hungerford, of Albion, Mich., states that he will send the Prescription of a Wonderful Medicine **FREE** to any man, old or young, who is lacking in Vitality. Cases considered hopeless readily yield to this treatment. A certain cure. Also sole agent for **UNCLE JERRY'S FAMOUS PILE CURE** (guaranteed cure), manufactured by ALBION REMEDY CO. Anyone desiring Prescription or Treatise on Piles, should write at once. Ask your Druggist for **Uncle Jerry's Pile Cure—50c and $1.00 per box.** Sent by mail if desired.

FREE SAMPLE Send letter or postal for free **SAMPLE HINDOO**

TOBACCO HABIT CURE. We cure you of **chewing and smoking for 50c.,** or money back. Guaranteed perfectly harmless. Address Milford Drug Co., **36** Main St., Milford, Indiana. We answer all letters.

SEEDS Garden and Flower with a world-wide reputation. Catalog **free to all.** JAMES J. H. GREGORY & SON, Marblehead, Mass.

ALMOST GIVEN AWAY

10,000 formulas for making all kinds of toilet and medical preparations—**Inks, Shoe Polishes, Flavoring Extracts, Soaps, Cements,** etc., etc. Send 2-cent stamp for catalogue. CROWN CHEMICAL CO., **264** S. Halsted St., Chicago, Ill.

CANCER TUMORS, PILES and all forms of Malignant Growths cured at home without the use of the knife. Book free. Dr. J. D. LYON CO., Carlinville, Ill.

WELL MACHINERY—ALL KINDS AND SIZES. LOOMIS & NYMAN, TIFFIN, OHIO.

A. N. K.—C 1697

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TRUSTWORTHY STORE.

We are receiving daily new goods.

All the Latest styles in

NOVELTY DRESS GOODS, SILKS, VELVETS, TRIMMINGS, LININGS, ETC.

In Corsets we have the

R. & G.
DR. WARNER'S
FEATHERBONE
AND
W. B. CYCLIST.

MEN'S SANITARY FLEECE UDERWEAR, $1.00 per Suit.

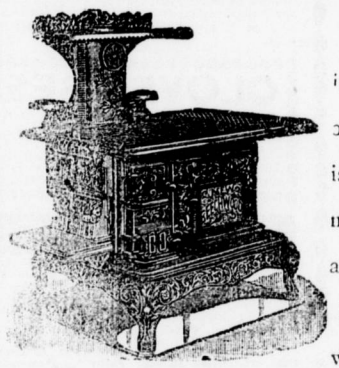
A Full and Complete Line of
Ladies', Misses, Childrens' and Gents' Fine Shoes.

BALCOM & LLOYD.
Fourth Street, Emporium, Pa.

LEADING HARDWARE HOUSE!

We extend our compliments to the citizens of Cameron and adjoining counties for their rapidly and increasing patronage. We would invite all to see our large display of GENERAL HARDWARE and BUILDERS' MATERIAL. We would call especial attention to our

COOKING. HEATING AND GAS STOVES.

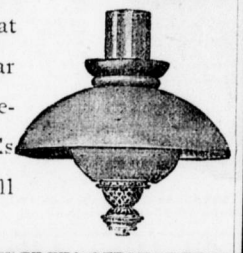


Comprising the best in the world. Our old and popular Store is headquarters for many useful articles and house-keepers should call and see what we have.

We again desire to call attention to our OIL and GAS STOVES. The Ladies delight.

THE WELSBACH LIGHT.

This popular light the great gas saver, is growing in popular with our people. All who desire to economize in gas bills should use these burners. Call and see them.



WALKER, HOWARD & CO.

Sympathetic Husbands.

The sympathetic tenderness of a loving husband is everything to an expectant mother, especially during her first ordeal. George Layton, Esq., a prominent druggist of Dayton, O., gives the following case:

A customer of mine, whose wife has used four bottles of "Mother's Friend" before confinement, says, after seeing the effects of the remedy, that if she had to go through the ordeal again, and there were but four bottles on the market, and the cost was $100 per bottle, she would have them.

"Mother's Friend" is a scientifically compounded liniment which affords certain relief in the various ailments preceding childbirth, and assures proper elasticity to the cords and muscles involved in the final ordeal.

"Mother's Friend" is sold by druggists, or expressed on receipt of one dollar.

Valuable book, "Before Baby is Born," mailed free on application.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

VICK'S SEEDS

3 RAMBLER ROSES! WHITE, YELLOW, CRIMSON.

Will make a magnificent hedge, beautiful shade for the piazza, or a charming bed. Constant bloomers, perfectly hardy. One plant produces thousands of flowers.

ONLY FORTY CENTS, DELIVERED.

VICK'S Garden and Floral GUIDE Free Upon Application

THE BUSY MAN'S CATALOGUE and the Ladies' Gardener and Adviser

The only one containing full Descriptions and Directions for planting and culture; so comprehensive, condensed, classified and indexed that **He Who Runs May Read.** Many illustrations from nature. Colored plates of Sweet Peas, Nasturtiums, Tuberous Begonias, Golden Day Lily, Cactus Dahlias, Daybreak Asters. Beautifully embossed cover; 120 large pages completely filled with honest illustrations

JAMES VICKS SONS, Rochester, N. Y.

FREE (for the postage) Vick's Illustrated Monthly..... Magazine,

The Famous Gardening Authority.

Is a veritable mine of information about Flowers, Vegetables and Fruits, and how to grow and care for them successfully. The price of Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine is Fifty Cents per year, but if you will **return this coupon with six two-cent stamps** the magazine will be mailed to you regularly for six months for trial. Write at once to

VICK PUB. CO., ROCHESTER, N. Y.

SEEDS FROM OUR GROUNDS TO YOURS SEEDS

WE no longer supply our seeds to dealers to sell again. At the same time, anyone who has bought our seeds of their local dealer during either 1896 or 1897 will be sent our **Manual of "Everything for the Garden" for 1898 FREE** provided they **apply by letter** and give the name of the **local merchant from whom they bought.** To all others, this magnificent **Manual,** every copy of which costs us **30 cents** to place in your hands, will be sent free on receipt of **10 cents** (stamps) to cover postage. Nothing like this **Manual** has ever been seen here or abroad; it is a book of **200** pages, contains **500** engravings of seeds and plants, mostly new, and these are supplemented by **6** full size colored plates of the best novelties of the season, finally **OUR "SOUVENIR" SEED COLLECTION** will also be sent without charge to all applicants sending **10 cts.** for the **Manual** who will state where they saw this advertisement

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HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

500 PAGE BOOK MAILED FREE.

CONTENTS:

Part I.—Diseases of Horses.
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Same book in better binding 50 cts.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York

NERVOUS DEBILITY, VITAL WEAKNESS and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.

$1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS.

ALL SORTS.

Everyone who has diphtheria, croup, quinsy, catarrh or sore throat, can positively and speedily be cured by Thompson's Diphtheria 28-ly

The DeLome incident is closed, but the Maine affair is still wide open.

What pleasure is there in life with a headache, constipation and biliousness? Thousands experience them who could become perfectly healthy by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. R. C. Dodson. 45-ly

De Lome's letter came under the head of the last sad writes.

A thrill of terror is experienced when a brassy cough of croup sounds through the house at night. But the terror soon changes to relief after One Minute Cough Cure has been administered. Safe and harmless for children R. C. Dodson. 45-ly

The petroleum producer can stand a little more prosperity.

We are anxious to do a little good in this world and can think of no pleasanter or better way to do it than by recommending One Minute Cough Cure as a preventative of pneumonia, consumption and other serious lung troubles that follow neglected colds. R. C. Dodson. 45-ly

Cold waves do not remain with us long.

There are three little things which do more work than any other three little things created—they are the ant, the bee and DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the last being the famous little pills for stomach and liver troubles. R. C. Dodson. 45-ly

A Sullivan hunter has trapped 54 skunks this season. Phew.

Don't annoy others by your coughing, and risk your life by neglecting a cold. One minute Cough Cure cures coughs, colds, croup, grippe and lung troubles. R. C. Dodson. 45-ly

There are numerous cases of measles and chicken-pox at Osceola.

There is no remedy equal to Herbine for the cure of constipation, sick headache, indigestion, vertigo, loss of memory, uncertain appetite, unrestful sleep or skin eruptions. If you want a perfect tonic for the liver, Herbine will not disappoint you. At L. Taggart's.

Rush Cameron, of Westfield, has enlisted in the United States Army.

After years of untold suffering from piles, B. W. Pursell of Knitnersville, Pa., was cured by using a single box of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Skin diseases, such as eczema, rash, pimples and obstinate sores are readily cured by this famous remedy. R. C. Dodson. 45-ly

Jules Emile Richbourg, the French novelist, is dead.

Ballard's Horehound Syrup is the best known remedy for consumption, coughs, colds, and all throat and chest troubles. Every bottle is guaranteed. It is the best remedy for children. 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart sells it.

John Laird, the British ship-builder at Birkenhead, is dead.

Children and adults tortured by burns, scalds, injuries, eczema or skin diseases may secure instant relief by uring DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It is the great pile remedy. R. C. Dodson. 45-ly

On the morning of Feb. 20, 1895, I was sick with rheumatism and lay in bed until May 21st, when I got a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. The first application of it relieved me almost entirely from the pain and the second afforded complete relief. In a short time I was able to be up and about again.—A. T. Moreaux, Luverne, Minn. Sold by L. Taggart. mch.

The Trouble Over.

A prominent man in town said the other day: "My wife has been wearing out her life from the effects of dyspepsia, liver complaint and indigestion. Her case baffled the skill of our best physicians. After using three packages of Beacon's Celery King for the Nerves she is almost entirely well." Keep your blood in a healthy condition by the use of this great vegetable compound. Cali at R. C. Dodson, Emporium; Thos. A. Green, Johnsonburg; C. C. Craven, Sterling Run, sole agents and get a trial package free. Large sizes 50c. and 25c. 32-12-ly-2

Rear-Admiral Daniel Braine, U.S.N., (retired,) died a few days ago.

A Horrible Railroad Accident

Is a daily chronicle in our papers; also the death of some dear friend, who had died with consumption, whereas, if he or she had taken Otto's Cure for Throat and Lung diseases in time, life would have been rendered long and perhaps saved. Heed the warning! If you have a cough or any affection of the throat and lungs call at R. C. Dodson, Emporium; Thos. A. Green, Johnsonburg; C. C. Craven, Sterling Run, sole agents and get a trial bottle free. Large sizes 50c. and 25c. 32-12-ly-2

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common water glass with urin and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys When urin stains linen it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also a convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urin and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists price fifty cents and one dollar.

You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, upon receipt of three two-cent stamps to cover cost of postage on the bottle. Mention CAMERON COUNTY PRESS and send your address to Dr Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer. 32-52-ly

Used for Generations.

Herb teas have and will be used as a medicine. Laxa Tea, harmless, sure and thorough in its action, is guaranteed by all druggists. 10 and 25 cents per package. 2-32-14ly

War articles in magazines include guns, powder, shells, torpedoes and the like.

What's in a Name.

Comfort, ease and pleasure when applied to corn cure, Warren's is the one. It never fails, sold and guaranteed by all druggists at 15 cents per bottle. 2-32-14-ly.

La Champagne is as helpless as if she had taken too much of her namesake.

Wins on Merit.

Laxa Tea, plain, simple, thorough in its action, leaves no bad after effect as powerful drugs often do. Try it. Sold and guaranteed by all druggists. 10 and 25 cents. 2-32-14ly

There is some cessation of war talk while the cost of war is being counted.

Splendid Success

has been had in cases of colic, diarrhoea, etc., by using Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. As a household remedy for such troubles it is invaluable. Buy a 10c trial bottle and you are bound to be convinced. To be had of L. Taggart. mch.

P. J. BLOOM,

AND NEW GROCERY MEAT MARKET

(Opposite H. S. Lloyd's)

STAPLE AND FANCY

Groceries.

CHOICE MEATS,

OYSTERS,
FRUITS,
VEGETABLES,
TOBACCO
AND CIGARS.

Whooping cough is the most distressing malady; but its duration can be cut short by the use of One Minute Cough Cure, which is also the best known remedy for croup and all lung and bronchial troubles. R. C. Dodson. 45-ly

Kansas farmers are buying pianos and losing faith in Populist organs.

Oh! I Say,

have you given Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin a trial? It will cure you of your constipation, will correct your stomach troubles and make your life worth living. Trial size bottles 10c. (10 doses 10c) large sizes 50c and $1.00, of L. Taggart. mch.

It Was Painful.

But Warren's Corn Cure never fails. Sold and guaranteed by all druggists at 15 cents a bottle. 2-32-14ly

Preserves the New Restores the Old.
Guaranteed in every particular
Monarch Polish
FURNITURE MANTELS and ALL HARD WOOD FINISH

For sale by GEO. J. LABAR, Emporium, Pa.

ROYAL WORCESTER CORSETS
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS

J. A. Fisher,

PRACTICAL

Horse Shoer,

Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.

ASK FOR THE BOOKLET ON "LIGHT" AND

Burn Crown Acme Oil.

GIVES THE BEST LIGHT IN THE WORLD AND IS ABSOLUTELY SAFE

Sold by The Atlantic Refining Company

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Popular Bakery,

FRESH BREAD,
PIES,
FANCY CAKES,
ICE CREAM,
NUTS

CONFECTIONERY.

Daily Delivery.

All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

New Spring Goods.

To the Ladies of Cameron County:

We have just received our New Spring Goods. It will give me pleasure to show you these goods, as both they and the prices are right.

Lace Curtains,	Scrim,
Window Laces,	White Goods,
India Linons,	Lawns in
Stripes and Checks.	
White Apron Lawns,	
Infants Robes, Gowns, etc.	

We ask you to try the Black Cat Brand Hosiery which is unequalled in quality and durability. Only to be found here.

D. E. OLMSTED,

Near Odd Fellows Hall, East Fourth St.